JEDDAH: 73565-76726

RIYADH: 27758

THURSDAY-FRIDAY, JANUARY 3-4, 1980 JEDDAH SAFAR 15-16, 1400 A.H.

TEL: JEDDAN :804701—51105 **DAMMAM: 23868** RIYADH : 67236

BAGS AND BULK CEMENT REINFORCING STEEL-EQUIPMENT

Paris halts trading in gold; price up to \$565.8

color combinations

VOL. V NO. 103

and fixtures.

LONDON, Jan. 2 (Agencies) — Gold and iver prices leaped by huge amounts in Europe Wednesday to new record territory. Bullion dealers were unwilling to predict where the price bonanza will balt.

in the biggest advances ever seen a single day's trading, gold was up \$27.50 a troy ounce and silver jumped \$8.

The Paris Stockbrokers' Association Wednesday haited gold trading because massive buying orders and virtually no sellers sent bids up to \$565.80 an ounce. The association first decided to suspend

trading in the 20-frane Napolean coin - the traditional refuge of small French investors - when it hit 750 francs (\$187.50), up from 653 francs (\$163.23) on Friday, the last trading day. The coin sells at much more than its gold content because of an intrinsic value and its case as a saving medium.

The hrokers quickly extended the halt to the kilo (2.2-pound) ingots, the other gold unit traded here.

Association sources said bids for kiloingots ranged as high as 86,000 francs equal to \$665.80 an ounce - compared with Friday's closing price of 69,980 francs, (\$ 541,77 an ounce), before it was decided there would be no gold trading because of the absence of selling orders.

The buying fever was attributed by dealers to the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan and the continuing Iranian crisis, making the world appear less safe than it has for years.

It's at times like these that the world's hig iovestors head for precious metals to protect "There's no limit in sight," said one Lon-

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don dealer as gold soared to \$562 an ounce at noon, up from the morning fixing of \$559 set by the city's frenzied, big five bullion houses.

Monday gold closed here at \$524.50.

To put Wednesday's gold advance in perspective, it was recalled that the metal sold for just \$35 an overce for some 30 years prior to 1970.

When President Nixon took the United States off the gold standard in 1971, the price began a climb that saw it break through the \$200 barrier in the summer of 1978. \$300 a year after that, \$400 last Sept. 28 and \$500 last week.

The price more than doubled in 1979, gaining \$298.125 in London.

Gold analyst Brian Edgly of investment experts Bache Halsey Stuart Shields of London, said the price could hit \$600 within the next few days. But be also caudoned that good news - about oil supplies or the U.S. embassy hostages in Iran - could cause a sharp setback in prices.

predicted Wednesday that gold will reach \$750 an ounce within three months, even



MEDICAL: King Khaled Wednesday received Chinese Director General of Health, Dr. Chin Man Wang. The meeting was attended by Prince Abdullah, second deputy minister and commander of the National Guard, Dr. Rashad Pharaon, King Khaled's special adviser and Dr. Hussain Al-Jazairi, the minister of health. Dr. Wang arrived in Riyadh Tuesday from Jeddah onhis visit to the Kingdom which began Sunday. Later, he met Dr. Jazairi to discuss Chinese assistance in running Jeddah's new hospital in cooperation with King Abdul Aziz University. Dr. Wang said he signed an agreement to run the two hospitals during a meeting with Dr. Jazairi.

Waldheim, Ghotbzadeh hold three-hour meeting

TEHRAN, Jan. 2 (Agencies) — United Nations Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim had almost three bours of talks at the Iranian Foreign Ministry Wednesday in a search for a solution to the U.S. Emhassy crisis, Foreign Minister Sadeq Ghotbzadeh was overheard to tell him after the meeting: "your ideas may have helped."

Iranian authorities have made clear they do not regard Waldheim's mission as an ocassion for mediation in the crisis, in which militant students have beld 49 hostages at the U.S. Embassy sioce Nov. 4.

On his arrival Tuesday, Waldheim said he would study all aspects of the dispute. He would not speak to reporters after Wednesday's meeting, hut a U.N. aide said, "the talks lasted at least as long as we hoped."

The secretary of the Revolutionary Council, Ayatollah Muhammad Beheshti, told a news conference Wednesday he thought the quickest way to solve the crisis would be by putting all the hostages on public trade

Meanwhile, thousands of autonomyseeking Kurds demonstrated in the city of Sanandaj Wednesday after fighting Tuesday night in which five people died and at least eight were wounded.

The governor-general of Kurdistan Province, Hussein Shahveissi, said Wednesday by telephooe that about 20,000 unarmed Kurdish demonstrators were protesting outside his office Wednesday morning, demanding the complete withdrawal of Revolutio-

He said the crowd, supporters of the Kurdisb Democratic Party (KDP), had threatened to march on the guards' beadquarters in

Sanandai. The headquarters was attacked by Kurdish rebels using Soviet-made rocket launchers, grenades and mortar fire Tuesday, a

Revolutionary Guard officer said.

otherwise ordered by the officials concerned," one told reporters.

Shahveissi said Kurdish rebel representatives were meeting him and a governmentappointed peace negotiator to discuss withdrawal of the Guards. A Foreign Ministry statement said here

Tuesday night that Waldheim would visit a former army officers' club later to meet people disabled during the revolution.

Public reaction to the visit has been muted, but two oewspapers Tuesday recalled Waldheim's last visit to Iran, in January 1978, printing pictures of him kissing the hand of Princess Ashraf, the Shah's twin sis-

The students occupying the embassy have said they will not talk to Waldheim or let him see the hostages unless Avatollah Khomeini orders them to do so.

In Sanandaj Tuesday at least two people died and 10 were reported injured in clashes.

Battles raged for up to eight hours in some parts of the town, and hospital officials said the lighting was so fierce at one stage that ambulances were unable to collect the wounded. The shooting ended late in the evening and the city streets were quite

Meanwhile, in the northwestern provincialcapital of Tabriz, fights hroke out among unarmed opposing demonstrators over the nine Revolutionary Guards held hostage by the Muslim People's Republican Party.

In Sanandaj, the paramilitary guards, set

up hy Khomeini after the revolution, issued a statement saying they will not withdraw. "We will remain at our posts ... until

The first clash occurred shortly after midnight after negonations after an initial 48hour ceasefire failed to resolve the dispute,



NEW MANAGER: Capt. Ahmed Matar, Saudia'a new general manager during the interview with Arab News in Jeddah.

nary Guards from the city.

Anstralian bullion expers Ian Shannon with a settlement of the Iranian crisis.

JEDDAH, Jan. 2 - The government of

Saudi Arabia subsidizes every Saudia domes-

tie air fare with SR300 to facilitate the

movement of its citizens within the country,

according to newly appointed general man-

In his first interview as manager, Matar

told Acad News that Saudia was established to

serve the Saudi Arabian people and ensure low-cost tickets, "That's why Saudia is not a profit-making corporation," Capt. Matar

Approximately 70 per cent of Saudia's air

traffic is domestic and economic growth is

causing a constant rise in the number of pas-

sengers. In only one year, Saudia has

incremed its number of passengers from

He attributed this growth in part to the

This passenger increase and the desire to

expand international and regional flight ser-

vice - including direct flights to the United

States - has necessitated planned additions

to the Saudia fleet. At present Pan American

authors is operating direct flight from

Dhahran to New York in accordance with an

agreement between the two countries. Matar

government subsidies, but also to passenger

confidence in the safety of Saudia flights.

three million to six million, Matar said.

ager Capt. Ahmad Matar.

Saudia expanding fleet

to meet passenger growth

Soviets launch drive against Afghans

KARACHI, Jan. 2 (Agencies) — Soviet troops in Afghanistan have apparently launched an all-out drive to clear rehel pockets, hlock escape routes and crush all oppositioo to the new regime in Kahul.

Karachi's English daily Dawn Wednesday quoted well-informed sources in Islamabad as saying the Soviet troops are also engaged in a massive anti-guerrilla movement in the two provinces of Nuristan and Kunar, which horder the Chitral district of Pakistan, It said the Soviets suspect guerrillas are operating from there.

The two provinces bad remained inaccessihle to Afghan government forces. But now the well-equipped and modern Russian army units are trying to make major beadway there, the report said.

The Soviet occupation forces are employing steep-climbing mechanical columns to fight the guerrillas, who are operating from the mountainous regions with small and out-

World reaction is still fieree. The vice president of the World Islamie Congress, Muhammad Natsur, Wednesday called on Muslim oations to take firm steps to stop the

"The Islamie world will resist any foreign domination of an Islamic country including the occupation of Afghanistan by Soviet

In Peking, China said Wednesday that the Soviet Union's military intervention in Afghanistan had strangled the country's independence and sovereignty.

The official New China News Agency, in a commentary, described the friendship and cooperation treaties Moscow has signed with a number of its allies over the past decade, including Afghanistan, as "nooses to be tied

around the 'necks' of other countries." Under the pretext of carrying out their duty under a 'friendship' good neighborliness and cooperation treaty,' the Soviet Union has dispatched troops to occupy Afghanistan and thus strangled the independence and sovereignty of the country.

In New Delhi, about 85 young Afghans rusbed past armed Indian guards to occupy Afghanistan's embassy and beld four hostages for nearly four hours Wednesday in a dramatie protest.

Car imports decline 10%; steel up 70%

RIYADH, Jan. 2 (SPA) - Saudi Arabia imported 10 per cent fewer cars last year, hut food imports rose by 36 per cent. Steel imports rose by 70 per cent.

According to the annual statistical report of the Saudi Ports Authority for the year ending in November, 314,000 cars were imported last year, compared with 349,826 the year before. The Kingdom imported 2,871,453 tons of steel during the year, compared with 1,684,187 tons the year before.

The import of cement rose from 7,903,031 tons to 8,672,769 tons last year. Foods imports also registered an increase from 4,988,451 tons to 6,771,575 tons.

The report added that the volume of livestock imported through the Kingdom's ports bad also risen from 2,532,559 head to

Ministry decides on museums

RIYADH, Jan. 2. (SPA) - The Ministry of Education has completed a study on the establishment of museums in the bistorically important areas of Jauf, Taimaa, Ola, Nej-

Archeology and Museums undertook an extensive archeological survey of the areas to gain more information about the historical sites and determine their precise locations for future reference maps.

The survey was conducted under guidelines of the directorate's five-year plan, which also has a comprehensive program for repairs and maintenance of towns and monuments in different regions of the King-

The directorate's excavations in Zubaidah vered stages of development dating back to the Greeks and Romans.

A team from Riyadh University participated in excavations in Al -Fao which disclosed several facts about the history of the southern part of the Arabian peninsula. The directorate also cooperated with the

university during excavations in Rabzo in the Qassim district. These discoveries highlighted the significance of early Islamic history during the life of Abu Zar Al-Ghaffari, a great companion of the Holy Prophet.

The directorate has published an academie work entitled "Atlal" (ruins) which contains the results of all excavations undertaken in the Kingdom. It will serve as a tool for archeologists, students of Middle East's ancient history universities and other literary and cultural organizations.

Six documentaries on moouments have heen prepared by the directorate which will be supplied to universities, other educational

the United States. Other training courses for personnel are also being conducted.

Warn of subversive leaflets

Ulema condemn Mecca renegades

Council of Ulema has strongly criticized the leaflets distributed by the group of renegades that occupied the Holy Mosque in Mecca in

At the end of its 15th session the council said the leaflets contained a great deal of false interpretations and misleading allegations which could lead to discord, chaos and disturbance.

A statement by the council, submitted by Sheikh Ahdul Aziz hin Baz, director general of the Guidance and Research Office and chairman of the session, said that the group of deviates which transgressed the Holy Mosque had committed a grave sin by shedding blood and dividing the Muslims. It expressed the council's appreciation of the wise policy of King Khaled and the great efforts made to suppress the outrage. It also expressed its appreciation of the efforts made by all those who took part in fighting the renegades. The council said that the renegades had

committed several crimes which included: — outrageous attacks on the Holy Haram; converting it from a peaceful and secure place

Saud receives Syrian message

RIYADH, Jan. 2. (SPA) - Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal has received a message from Abdul Halim Khaddam, Syrian deputy premier and minister of foreign affairs. The message was delivered hy Hashim Al-Ghazzi, Syrian deputy minister for oil, bere Wednesday.

Ghazzi arrived bere from Jeddah early Wednesday and was received at the airport hy Sheikh Ali Al-Soqair, chief of the Foreign Office bureau in the capital.

injunctions: killing Muslims in the boly land of

- fighting in the boly land during the boly

month despite divine injunctions; rebelling against the leader of the Muslims despite the prevalance of peace, security, justice and unity under his leadership. They thus committed the crime of insurrection ignoring their own vote of allegiance to him

and disobeying divine orders in this regard; - during their aggression they prevented Muslims from praying and performing their religious rites. For two Fridays in succession prayers were not held in the Holy Haram because of their beinous crime;

- misguiding a number of women and naive people; causing some of them to be

 they committed another act of deviation when one of them claimed to be the expected Mahdi although there was no evidence to show that this was true.

"In view of the above, the council considers this faction a group of renegades who committed aggression on the boly places, shed blood and tried to break up Muslim

"We therefore believe their leaflets to be misguided and full of false interpretations which can be the seeds of evil and discord and lead to chaos and disturbances as well as tampering with public interests. These leaflets make claims which may mislead some naive people although they contain much of evil, Muslims should be warned against their evil intent and conteot."

The council thanked God for helping to suppress the insurrection and expressed its appreciation of all those who belped bring about the defeat of the renegades. It singled out King Khaled, Crown Prince Fahd, the armed forces and all others.

Begin defeats no-confidence bid

Menahem Begin Wednesday defeated oodelay in evacuating a West Bank settlement declared illegal by the Supreme Court. The government defeated two combined

motions presented by the Sheli and Labor party factions 60-43. The Sheli party motion was defeated by a wider margin 1 of 58-24 while another motion brought by the Commnnists failed clearly in a show of hands

The opposition united to protest Sunday's cabinet decision to postpone for another five weeks the evacuation of the Elon Moreh scttlement near the Palestinian city of Nablus. Elon Moreh has become a symbol for the

TELAVIV, Jaa. 2 (AP) - Prime Minister 'struggle hetween Israel and Paiestinians on the occupied West Bank over Jewish settle-

> Begin repeated earlier assertions that a late start and heavy rains prevented completion of preparatory work on the settlement's new

> "These objective reasons were not dependent on anyone, it was impossible to complete the preparatory work by the date set" by the government, the Prime Minister told

> However, Begin said, the government had technically complied with the Israeli Supreme Court decision by evacuating the area to which the decision referred.

Announces the opening of a new office

In line with the rapid economic progress taking place throughout our country and 10 meet the increasing demand for banking services in the Kingdom, the National Commercial Bank, is pleased to announce the opening of a new office at:

This new office will begin normal operations on Saturday 17/2/1400 corresponding to 5/1/1980

We take this opportunity to assure all citizens and businessmen throughout the Kingdom of our full cooperation and assistance.



Main Office: Jeddah, P.O. Box 3555, Tel: 33580 Telex: 401086 - 401102. Cable: BANKSAUDI



JEDDAH Tel.604681 ELKHOBAR Tel.043223124 Tel.8644208

decessor Sheikh Kamel Sindi and said progress made by the company under the guidance of Minister of Defense and Aviation Prince Sultan. He hopes that he and his colleagues will be able to maintain and

says the agreement will be revised to give A similar agreement with Middle East Air-

Saudia similar traffie rights. lines to provide regional service is valid only unul 1981, but this does not mean that Saudia will stop cooperating with foreign or friendly companies, Matar said. Only 30 per cent of Saudia's flights are regional or international. Saudia, considered a pacesetter in the Middle East for international air transporta-

tion, will have a total fleet of 70 airliners hy 1981, including six new Boeing 747s and five TriStars. The new aircraft are scheduled for delivery at different times in 1981 and will he equipped with high thrust Ross Rolls Royce engines. Saudia was the first airline operator

to order these new engines which have since been ordered by many other leading airlines. Matar said these additions in the Saudia fleet are designed as participation and correlation with the Kingdom's development

hoom and will help to cope with increased cargo service demand. Even though first class service would be cancelled on Jumbo 737 aircraft to remote areas, Matar said first class rickets are obtainable for flights between major cities such as Jeddah, Riyadh and Dhahran. He added that

one first class scheme was given thorough studies and review of passenger opinions was encouraging. Matar concluded his AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT LANDSCAPING LANDSCAPE PLANT MATERIALS SOIL STABILIZATION SPORTS SURFACING

interview hy commending his prehe was proud of the improve the company's standard.

ran, Jizan and Hofuf. The ministry's Directorate General of

and Ammarah in the Qassim district unco-

institutions and the information media. The directorate has recently sent six of its technical personnel for advanced training in archeology at the University of Michigao in

Palestinians can depend on support of Kingdom, Salman tells ceremony

tion Organization celebrated the 15th anniversary at a special ceremony here in which Governor of Riyadh, Prince Salman reiterated the Kingdom's unswerving commitment to the Palestinian struggle.

Prince Salman said that to Saudi Arabia as well as to other Muslims, Jerusalem occupied by Israel since 1967, was as important as Mecca. He said Saudi Arabia supported the Palestinians and would spare no effort to help them achieve their goals.

He said that 15 years of relentless struggle was proof that the Palestinians will one day

Awfi thanks minister

RIYADH, Jan. 2 (SPA) - Interior Minister Prince Naif Wednesday received a telegram from Sheikh Faiz Mubammad Al-Awfi, adviser at the ministry, hailing the full support and guidance he received from the prince throughout his posting as Public Sec-

Sbeikh Faiz said in bis message that, God willing, he will always place himself at the service of religion, the King and the country. The prince had cabled Awfi on his retirement, expressing his appreciation for his valuable efforts throughout his term of office.

Ulema end meeting

RIYADH. Jan. 2 (SPA) - The Higher Council of Ulema ended a two-week session Wednesday. Sheikh Abdul Aziz ibn Baz, chairman and bead of the Board of Religious Guidance, said that the council's decisions cannot be made public. They will only be published in the board's research magazine.

achieve victory.
"Saudi Arahia is not only a companion of the Palestinian revolution but a partner in its destiny. We are not just allies for the time being, but brothers in religion, belief, principles and land," he said.

He recalled that King Khaled urged the officers and men who liberated the Holy Mosque in Mccca to be ready to liberate

"We are not saying this to carry favor with anybody." he said. "We do not have to do so, hecause we believe in truth and ethical principles and detest hypocrisy as much as you

Saudi Arabia will help the Palestinians hring about their ambitions for their country and people be said, until they recover their homeland and rights.

The PLO representative here, Ahu Shaker Al-Natshah said his organization was grateful to Saudi Arabia for the assistance it received: "The aid we get from this country is as generous as aid can be, and we cannot say this

about many other givers."
He expressed the PLO's gratitude to King Khaled and Crown Prince Fahd, and expressed the bope that someday the Palestinians would receive them in liberated Jerusalem.

He said peace will not be restored until the bomeless people returned bome. He made it clear that the Palestinians were not using more than ten per cent of their fighting capabilities, because all the borders leading to the occupied lands were closed to them.

He strongly condemned those who describe the Palestinian revolution as a secular movement. He reaffirmed their faith in God, the first supporter of the legitimate rights of the Palestinians.



CELEBRATION: Prince Salman, governor of Riyadh, and his deputy, Prince Sattam, flank Palestine Liberation Organization representative Abu Shaker Al-Natsha at a ceremony Tuesday in Riyadh to mark the PLO's 15th anniversary.

Shipping talks possible

Minister discusses Islamic fleet

RIYADH, Jan. 2 (SPA) - Minister of Communications Sheikh Hussein Mansouri conferred Wednesday with Mustafa Gokan, adviser to the president of Pakistan, Gokan is also chairman of the meetings of a group of experts summoned by the Organization of Islamic Conference to discuss maritime shipping cooperation.

SPA reported that their talks dealt with the results of the meetings, which dealt mainly with proposals to establish an Islamic merchant fleet and an Islamic shipping conference or association of shipping companies.

They also discussed the possibility of bolding a conference of Islamic countries' ministers of transport this year, on shipping cooperation. The meeting was attended by

Ahmad Al-Turki, assistant deputy minister for transport.

A Pakistani citrus fruits and potato sales mission meanwhile met Tuesday the presi-dent of the Dammam Chamber of Commerce and Industry.

The chamber's president, Sbeikh Saad Al-Moijjal discussed the promotion of trade between the two countries. Moijial told the delegation that there was vast scope for Pakistani goods, particularly in the Eastern Province according to the Pakistani embassy in Jeddah.

By Hamad Al -Qadhi

Al Jezirah

When I wrote the other day about the Arab

National Bank I said that limited income

groups bardly benefitted from it, because of

bank alone, but all other banks and com-

banks, which apparently bave built-in

guarantees of success the founders must be

I am sure that the state had in mind the

shares lapped up by the founders.

treated like everybody else.

the small number of sbares allotted them.

Khuwaiter interviewed

Saudi Arabia has world's only free education system

JEDDAH, Jan. 2 — Minister of Education Dr. Abdul Aziz Al-Khuwaiter says Saudi Arahia is the only country in the world that has an educational system entirely free. Schooling is available to everyone who wants to learn, and in any field he chooses, and financial incentives are offered to all.

In an interview with Al Medina published here Wednesday, given while be was in Tunisia attending a conference of the Arab League Educational, Cultural and Scientific Organization at the end of last month, Dr. Khuwaiter said that Saudi Arabia's policy towards Egyptian teachers working in the Kingdom is unchanged. There are 5,000 Egyptian contractees among the Kingdom's 16.000 non-Saudi Arabian teachers.

The number of Sandi Arabian teachers has reached 21,000, almost giving the country self-sufficiency in primary education. They are less common in intermediate and secondary education, Dr. Kbuwaiter added.

Asked about the common educational strategy discussed in every conference, while nothing seemed to be achieved toward unifying curricula in Arab countries, Dr. Khuwaiter said that people misunderstood the real objectives of the unified strategy, and far less see the efforts of ALECSO.

The organization has plans for a common educational strategy, and all Arab countries that took part in the fourth conference in Khartoum bave benefited from these plans.

"It is not practical to apply one plan and one strategy in 21 Arab states. That would mean utter ignorance of the social, political and geographic situation of these countries, However, there are some aspects already unified or that could be unified, like sciences,

The strategy has been laid out, but as every country can only go as far as its conditions allow, results will not be seen for a long time. Asked bow education could be guided to

comply with the development plan of the

Kingdom, be replied that so far students have the right to choose specialization in fields they want. There were no restrictions, as the country needs all specializations, he said. At the beginning of each academic year Saudi Arabia prints around 12 million school

books. They are distributed free. The Ministry of Education prints text books for Arab countries which follow the same curiculum as

Islamic architecture talks open Saturday

DAMMAM, Jan. 2 (SPA) - Eastern Province Governor Prince Abdul Mohsin ibn Jiluwi will open the first-ever Islamic international seminar on architecture and planning

The five-day seminar, organized by the King Faisal University of Dammam, will be attended by experts from the Kingdom and

Dr. Muhammad Turki Al-Turki, the university's deputy rector and chairman of the higher committee for the seminar, says that discussions will center on the concepts, principles and ideas of architecture and its relationship to Islamic precepts and civilization, as well as its influence on the social and economic structure of life. It will discuss bow best this relationship could benefit Islamic architecture and planning.

To quench Riyadh's thirst

Salman dedicates Buwaib aquifer project

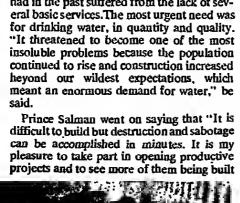
By Timothy Sisley

JEDDAH, Jan. 2 - Prince Salman, governor of Riyadh, bas dedicated the Buwaib aquifer project, part of major plans to supply

the parched capital with drinking water. SPA reported that at the ceremony, beld 80 kilometers north east of Riyadh on the site of the wellfield and treatment plant Tuesday, Prince Salman spoke of the contribution the scheme will make to alleviating what could once have been a severe crisis in water supplies to Riyadh. Buwaih alone will give the city 60,000 cubic meters of drinking water a day, and other schemes recently completed or in the pipeline will satisfy demand at least for the next five years.

Prince Salman said. "Last year we celebrated the dedication of the Salboukh water project, and today we dedicate Buwaib. In two years's time we shall dedicate Wasie and after that the transportation of water from he Gulf to Riyadh. Riyadh once suffered a

severe water crisis which could not have been solved without stopping construction and creating a bousing crisis. Bul, thank God, we



to Routes 1, 3, 6, 7, 8, and 9, along Wazir and

Buses serving Route 7 can be easily recog-

nized by the large destination signs in the lower windshield, with the names" Diriyyah"

or "Wazir-Batha" displayed in Arabic and

English with Route 7's symbol, a blue-and-

Route 7 operates from 5:30 a.m. to mid-

night every 20 minutes, except during the

first and last hours of operation, when service

district, beginning at the intersection of King Abdul Aziz Road with 30 (Walid Abdul

Malek) Street. Route 9 buses travel west past

the Sulaymaniyah souq and the Al Ulaya residential district, then south on Al-Ulaya

Road, using Said ibn Al-As Street and Kabari

(Mecca) Road for a short distance before

turning east onto Maathar Road. Route 9 then turns onto Dhahab Street and moves to

the city center using King Saud Street and

Route 9 serves the north Sulaymaniyah

Batha Streets in the city center.

is every 30 minutes.

Wazir Street.

DEDICATION: Riyadh Governor Prince Salman inspects the Buwaib aquifer project, which be dedicated Tuesday. It will tap 60,000 cubic meters a day of groundwater for piping the 80 kilometers to Riyadh.

In Riyadh

Public buses roll on new routes

RIYADH, Jan. 2 — A public bus service begins Saturday on two new routes in Riyadh, the Saudi Public Transport Company announced Wednesday.

Route 7, from Diriyyah to Wazir-Batha, will provide a service to people in the Um Al Hamam, Diriyyah and Nasiriyah districts. Route 9, from Sulaymaniyah to Wazir-Batha, will offer transport to Sulaymaniyah people. Both routes will terminate in the city

Route 7 begins at the north end of the Um Al Hamam area near Urubah Road; huses travel south on Um Al-Hamam Road to Diriyyah Road and to Maathar Road at Daawah Square. Route 7 buses use Maathar Road to Hizam Road and return to Daawah Square on the same street, then southeast on Uhud Street to King Saud Street. The route centers the city center on Wazir Street, then moves south to Aasha Street and the College of Education for Girls and terminates at Aasha and Batha Street. Route 7 huses return to Um Al Hamam using the same streets, except for the use of Batha rather than Wazir northbound through the city

Passengers can transfer to Route 2 along King Saud Street between Mecca Road and Wazir, to Route 8 at King Saud Street between Nasiriyah Street and Washin Street and

Turkey loaned \$12m

JEDDAH, Jan. 2 (SPA) - Turkey is to receive \$ 12.7 million to finance an electronics industry under an agreement signed Tuesday with the Islamic Development Bank.

On Sunday the bank loaned Turkey \$ 15 million to pay for the import of petroleum products from Pakistan.

have solved both problems."

The party was attended by Prince Sattam. deputy governor of Riyadh, and Agriculture and Water Minister Dr. Abdul Rahman Abdul Aziz Al-Sheikh, who said that Riyadh had in the past suffered from the lack of sev-

Development of Riyadh we discussed the sbortage of water. One of the suggestions put forward was to stop all construction. We were torn between solving the water problem or creating a bousing crisis. In the end we decided to concentrate on providing water and electricity, even if we had to suffer in the Today we can say that we are on the right path. Housing is ahundant and water and electricity are plentiful. "The water problem will he completely solved, I bope, once we have completed the

meeting of the Higher Committee for the

Wasie project and desalinated water comes from the Gulf in three years' time, It is a source of pleasure to see such productive projects under the leadership of King Khaled and Crown Prince Fand, who believe in letting the results speak for themselves.

He congratulated the people of Riyadh and thanked Dr. Al-Sbeikh and his team for an excellent joh.

The Buwaib project involves drawing the groundwater from 2,000 meters below the surface, treating it and pumping it the 80 kilometers to Riyadh. A SR28 million operation, the project had as main contractor for the Ministry of Agriculture and Water the British firm Ames Crosta Babcock.

The project was completed in July, and the water actually came on stream in October. flowing at 30,000 cubic meters a day, according to George Diggle, the contractor's resident director in the Kingdom. It is going towards a total consumption in Riyadb that is projected to double by 1985 from its present 50 million gallons a day.

The Buwaib water, drawn from the Minjur aquifer, is disagreeable. Diggle says it contains between 1.700 and 1,800 milligrams per liter of total dissolved solids, while the World Health Organization's recommended standard is 500 milligrams. It is extremely alkiline, high in carbon dioxide and it contains iron and hydrogen sulphide.

To make it more appealing it is treated, after cooling to 65 degrees from the 70 or 75 degrees at which it comes out of the ground, hy lime soda softening, two-stage filtration and demineralization by reverse osmosis. It is then collected in a 15,000 cubic meter reservoir on site, pumped to the outskirts of Riyadh through a dualline that allows one pipe to operate at 85 per cent of capacity in the event of failure of the other, and held in a 20,000 cuhic meter reservoir before being let into the distribution network. All of the water is destined for drinking use.

Ames Crosta Babcock was the main contractor, but it had working with it Kier International on civil engineering. Wimpety Mechanical and Electrical company providing the 25 megawatt power station and overhad distribution lines to the wellfield, Cooling Towers (Richmond) installing ten cooling towers, and APE Allen providing eight diesel-driven generators.

A Saudi Arabian firm, the Abu Nayyan Organization, sank the eighteen wells, the South Korean Sam Bu installed collection and delivery pipelines, the Dutch Ogem huilt the permanent village and the Saudi Arahian Al-Kharayef supplied the deep-well pumps.

Ames Crosta Babcock, a division of the Brinish Babeock International, has now begun its five year operation and maintenance contract on the water processing system, Diggle says.

THER

It will be fine during the day and cold at night, especially in the northern and central

Cloud will-thicken in the outh-western regon, and it will be scattered in most areas. There might be showers.

Winds will be light to moderate and vari-

able. Seas will be calm to moderate. Wednesday's temperatures (maximum. minimum in Centigrade)

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Saudi Comment

take advantage of the newly reconstituted banks and companies so that they may make more money.

Unfortunately, little of this intention bas been realized. That is why I once again have to present the case of the founders and the owners of large chunks of shares in companies that are certain to flourisb.

The aim of my commentary was not that One morning I went to a government panies and the inordinately large number of. department and queued up with others waiting for his excellency the manager. We waited for one and a half hours after the time be was A friend of mine who knows something about economics told me that founders are due before be cared to appear. When one of usually given certain privileges to cushion the people waiting in line pointed out the them against losses in the case of companies delay, as politely as possible, he received a tongue lashing for his pains. which may not succeed. But in the case of

When my turn came I politely apologized for the impudence of my predecessor in the line and hlamed everybody else for going to his excellency's office before he cared to

The point is that if the people bother to go to a department before the manager, it is plainly their fault. Isn't that true?

> By Ali Fadak Al Medina

I am sure that many people in Mecca and Jeddah have known Prince Fawaz quite well and appreciated the bright sides of his character and personality. They must have felt sad to hear about his health, which led to his resignation as governor of Mecca.

Prince Fawaz was one of the finest men and one of those who understood their position and social status and treated people well. He always made those who came in contact with bim feel as if they were friends. He was a very likeable man. We wish him good health and happiness, for he left a good impression and behaved impeccably as governor of Mecca.

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Heykal rules out U.S. strike in Iran

KUWAIT, Jan. 2 (AP) - A former Egyptian information minister who recently met with Ayatollah Khomeini says he believes the United States only can counter the Islamic revolutionary regime in Iran by exploiting autonomyseeking minorities in that country.

Muhammad Hassanein Heykal, who had been a close aide and confidant to the late Egyptian President Gamal Abdul Nassar, told Kuwait television Tuesday night, "I think the military choice is ruled out since the fleet of the United States in the area is manned by 6,000 to 8,000 men and is incapable of invading."

Ire

13

The carrier-led fleet's warplanes "can inflict losses on Iran, but I rule out an invasion because victory cannot be achieved by using limited forces, even if the 82nd Airborne Division stationed in West Germany were to be employed against Iran."

"A punishing strike against a sensitive place in Iran, such as the city of Qom (Khomeini's beadquarters), also would be to no avail." Heykal said.

Recalling abortive British-French attempts to besiege Egypt during the 1956 Suez crisis, Heykal said an cconomic blockade against Iran "could affect some classes, but I do not think it will affect the Iranian people as a whole."

"The only sphere open to the United States to work against the Islamic revolution, I think, is within Iran itself, as the Americans for a long period used to have influence, agents and organizations in the country, some of which found expression in rebellions in Azerbaijan, Baluchistan and other provinces."

At one point, before the ousted Shah made peace with Iraq in 1975, American arms were going to Iranian-supported Kurdish rebels operating against Iraq.

Heykal, who came to Kuwait following his visit to Iran, quoted former Iranian Foreign Minister Ibrahim Yazdi as saying the latest U.S.-Iranian crisis was triggered off because the Iranian revolutionaries saw the arrival of the



mein Heykal

deposed Shah in the United States as "beralding the implementation of a blueprint against Khomeiri's regime, for the Shah's arrival coincided with stepped up ethnic turmoil' in Iran.

While in Tehran, Heykal said, he met with the Soviet ambassador, Vladimir Vinogradov, who had served in Cairo during Nasser's rule. The Soviet leadership, Heykal said, "now watches the situation in anticipation of developments beneficial to the Soviets."

Heykal, longtime editor of Egypt's Al -Ahram newspaper, served as minister of national guidance in 1970, the year of Nasser's death. He fell out with President Anwar Sadat in 1975. The dispute centered on Egyptian rapprochement with the United States following the 1973 war. Heykal has been writing for Arab publication outside of Egypt since

Syria to form watchdog panel

DAMASCUS, Jan. 2(R) - The pan-Arab leaders of the Arab Baath Socialist Party ruling Syria is to set up a central party committee to act as a watchdog on the executive, official sources said here.

The 75-member group was decided on by the regional conference of the party, whose two-week session in Damascus is expected to

end Thursday or Friday.

The new committee will act for the conference when the latter is not in session. It will monitor the activities of the 21-member regional leadership which will be elected at the end of the conference to run the party's affairs for the next four years.

A five-member control and inspection committee will also be created, the sources

Sadat reported pondering ways to boost talks on autonomy

هكزا من الا جد

CAIRO, Jan. 2 (R) — President Anwar Sadat bas been reported to be considering several ways to boost talks on autonomy for Palestinians in occupied territories when he meets Israeli Prime Minister Menahem Begin next week.

Egypt's Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Bontros Ghali Tuesday told reporters the foreign ministry had prepared a number of possibilities for Sadat to raise in the discussions with Begin due to start next Monday in the resort town of Aswan in Upper Egypt. He

Egypt, Israel and the United States are engaged in oegotiations for autonomy for the 1.2 million Palestinians in the Gaza Strip and on the West Bank of the Jordan. The deadline for agreement runs out in less than five

No concrete results bave been achieved so far despite seven months of discussions and differences between Egypt and Israel on the concept of autonomy itself and the authority of an elected Palestinian council are still

Egypt considers autonomy a step toward self-determination, regards East or Arab Jerusalem as an integral part of the West Bank and calls for broad political, economic and legislarive powers to be invested in the

Israel says autonomy should be confined to the running of day-to-day affairs, rejects the creation of a Palestinian state and insists that its capital is the present united Jerusalem which is not to be divided again.

Egypt and Israel are due to exchange ambassadors by Feb. 26 under the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty concluded last March.

Asked if the presentation of credentials of the Egyptian ambassador to the Israeli president in Jerusalem would mean recognition of the city as the capital of Israel, Ghali said Egypt's attitude was that "Jerusalem is not the Capital of Israel,"

He pointed out that the presentation of credentials would take place io the western or Jewish part of the city and not in the eastern or the Arab part.

"Presenting credentials in Jerusalem does not mean Egypt recognizes that it is the capital of Israel," be said adding that the Egypnan embassy would be in Tel Aviv.

Ghali said Egypt would work for the realization of the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people in 1980 and for elections to take place in the West Bank and Gaza before May. The target date for the completion of the

autonomy talks is May 26.



Ceasefire shattered

Kurdistan clashes leave three dead

TEHRAN, Jan. 2 (AP) - Three persons have been killed and about a dozen wounded in the most recent clashes between Kurdish rebels and revolutionary guardsmen in Sanandaj, capital of the Kurdistan province in western Iran, the official new agency Pars reported.

Heavy artillery, mortar and rifle fire shattered a two-day ceasefire in Sanandaj Tuesday and the headquarters of the revolutionary guard was reported under attack. Kurdish political leaders have asked the central government in Tebran to withdraw the

revolutionary guards from the region. The government broadcasting station, controlled by the revolutionary guards, suspended television broadcasting Tuesday but did transmit several hours of Tehran radio

99.91% vote yes for Siad Barre

MOGADISHU, Jan. 2 (R) - Preliminary results of Somalia's first parliamentary and local government elections for a decade show that 99.91 per cent of the voters supported the official candidates of the ruling Somali Revolutionary Socialist Party (SRSP), offi-

A spokesman of the central electoral committee said Tuesday the preliminary results from Sunday's poll indicated that 3,982,532 had voted "yes", 1,826 had voted "no", and there were 1,400 invalid votes.

Final results would be announced as soon as the documents from all regions of Somalia reached the central electoral committee.

The ruling party nominated all 171 candidates for the People's Assembly and the 1,074 candidates for district assemblies. Voters placed their ballot papers in a box marked "yes" or a box marked "no" for the entire

The elections are the first to be held since President Muhammad Siad Barre came to power in a bloodless coup in 1969.

programing.
Regular army troops have been ordered into Sanandaj 10 replace the guardsmen in an apparent attempt to appease the demands of the rebels. The revolutionary guards were formed after the overthrow of the monarchy in February and are the principal security force of Ayatollah Khomeini.

A representative of the Kurdish Democranc Party, which last year battled the revolutionary guards to gain greater autonomy for the region said party was not involved in the fighting late Tuesday and early Wednesday morning.

Tabriz calm

Meanwhile, calm was reported in Tabriz, capital of east Azerbaijan province in west Iran, where members of the Muslim Peoples' Republican Party are still bolding nine revolutionary guardsmen hostage. The hostages were taken last week in a clash between guardsmen and party members, in which at least a person was killed.

Party members say they do not believe an alleged call by their spiritual leader, Ayatollah Muhammad Kazem Shariat-Madari, for a negotiated release of the hostages was

They say they want to see a television broadcast of Shariat-Madari making the speech before they release their captives.

Controversy

Shariat-Madani, Iran's secondmost popular religious leader, because a focus of controversy late last year when he crinicized the nation's new Islamic constitution, saying it did not allow minoritles adequate voice in the government and gave Khomeini too much

The charter, passed by an overwhelming majority, gives Khomeini power for life.

The Azaris, Turkish-speaking inhabitants of Azerbaijan, claim allegiance to Shariat-Madari, who lives in the holy city of Qom 100 kilometers south of Tehran.

Turkey military serve warning to politicians

ANKARA, Jan. 2 (R) - The chiefs of Turkey's armed forces have handed a message to President Fahn Koruturk, seen here as a final warning to the country's politicians to unite in trying to overcome Turkey's grave political and economic problems.

The state radio said armed forces chief of

staff Gen. Kenan Evren and the commanders of the army, air force and navy and the para-military gendarmerie gave the president the message Tuesday night.
It gave no details but experienced dip-

lomats here said the message was believed to be a final appeal to the feuding politicians to unite in the face of crisis or face a military

President Koruturk Wednesday called in Prime Minister Suleyman Demirel and opposition leader Bulent Ecevit to discuss the

military message.

Afterward Demirel, looking gloomy, told reporters the message would be broadcast later. "We now face a serious situation" the premier said, but added: "My government has only been in power for 30 days, so obviously cannot be held responsible for the problems facing the country."

Ecevit said the letter expressed "some concerns and some wishes" of the military leaders. He said that with this new development unfortunately the crisis in Turkey assumed a new dimension."

Diplomats here compared Turkey's present crisis of economic bardship and political violence with the period before the military intervened peacefully in 1971 with a socalled "coup by communique."

Demiral was asked Wednesday whether

the latest military message was a similar communique but declined to comment. Diplomats here however, said they thought

the message, was more of a final warning to right and left-of-center politicians to unite behind measures aimed at easing the crisis. Earlier, Gen. Evren, in a new year's message to the armed forces, had described the

present situation as the gravest crisis since the proclamation of the republic. in 1923. Turks are at present suffering their worst

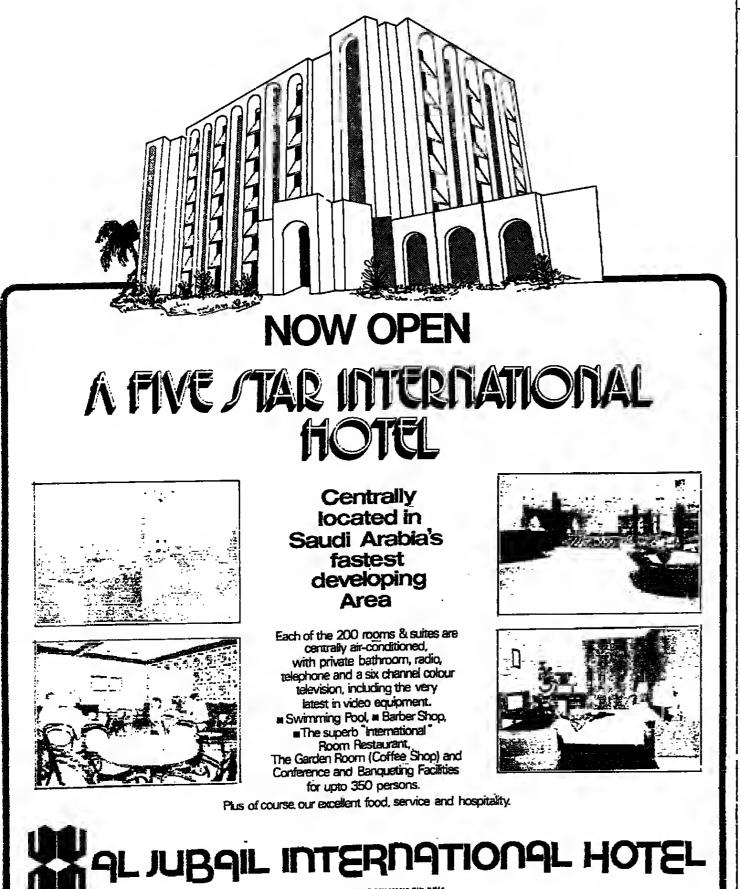
economic hardship for many years, with no bearing in most homes, no hot water and shortages of basic products.

Israeli-kills U.N. officer

TEL AVIV, Jan. 2 (AP) - A Norwegiani working for the United Nations was shot to death Tuesday night in the northern resort town of Nahariya by an Israeli who thought the man may have been a commando.

The victim was identified as Jans Lund, 30, a civilian field service officer with U.N. troops in the Sinai Desen. A U.N. spokes-man said Lund served with Norwegian U.N. troops in southern Lebanon before taking the civilian post last year.

The shooting occurred shortly before midnight in the coastal town five miles south of the Lebanese border, where Palesunian commandos killed four Israelis last April





Violent campaign

Indian voters elect leaders today

NEW DELHI, Jan. 2 (AP) — About half of India votes Thursday on parliamentary and some state assembly candidates after a violent two-month election campaign that claimed at least 12 lives.

Unofficial reports of scattered clashes continued through Tuesday, the last day of campaigning in regions holding elections first. Campaigning continues for another day in parliamentary districts voting Sunday.

The first results are expected Sunday night. There was no government confirmation of of the incidents, often in remote areas, and some details were sketchy. Indian news agencies reported scores also were injured in the flareups, usually hetween rival political workers fighting or ambushing each other with such weapons as rocks, homemade bombs and firearms.

Bira Singh, a candidate of the pro-Soviet

47 persons die of cold in N. India

NEW DELHI, Jan. 2 (AP) - At least 47 persons have died of cold and exposure in a week-long cold wave sweeping northern India, Indian oewspapers reported

Wednesday.

The highest death toll was reported from Bihar state eastern India, where 40 persons have died. In Uttar Pradesh state, northern India, there were seven deaths, the reports said.

The weather office here said temperatures dipped on Tuesday to zero degrees Celusius (32 degrees Fahrenheit) in snow-bound Srinagar, located about 600

kms northwest of New Delhi. The cold wave follows heavy snowfall and rain storms in parts of northern India oear the Himalayan mountain ranges. Domestic flights between New Delhi and Jammu and Srinagar in Jammu and Kashmir state were canceled.



Communist Party of India for a state assemhly seat, was gunned down and killed hy unknown assailants in the oortheastern state of Manipur, the United News of India reported.

In Tripura, another northeastern state, Bishnu Deb Barma, a Marxist Communist party worker, died in a hospital of injuries suffered in an ambush last weekend. It was the second death in the incideot in which another Marxist Communist was killed.

In Jaipur, 300 km. south of New Delhi, a 10-year-old boy was killed wheo a jeepload of "miscreants" tried to disturb a political rally and crashed into a crowded bus stop,

Io Jehanbad, eastern India, ooe person

Bulldozer subdues rebel Fiji prisoners

SUVA, Fiji, Jan. 2 (AP) — Police broke through the main gate of the Suva jail with a hulldozer on Wednesday and subdued about 300 convicts who had held the prison for some 24 hours after going oo a rampage.

Baton-wielding police charged through the gate while other units went over the main walls oo ladders backed up with fire hoses used to knock convicts off the walls.

Witnesses oo hills overlooking the jail said nooe of the rebelling convicts appeared to want to fight and the police had full control of the jail within 15 minutes. The only casualty was a coovict who was taken to hospital with a

died and two were seriously injured wheo they dimbed a tree at a rally for former Prime Minister Indira Gandhi and the limb broke, UNI said.

UNI reported that Assam state in the northeast, was cut off from the rest of the country after students succeeded in persuading government and transportation workers to stage a 58-hour strike in support of their demand for postponement of elections in the last two of the state's parliamentary districts.

Elections in the other 12 Assamese constitueocies were earlier postponed because student mobs kept the candidates from filing. The students are demanding ouster of Bangladeshs living in Assam and removal of their oames from the election rolls.

Oil workers walked out last week in support of the agitation, forcing Assam's four oil refineries to close. The latest strike brought cancellation of domestic flights, trains and hus and truck runs in Aysam, UNI reported.

Io the nationwide election to the 524member lower house of parliament, the three major contenders for power are Mrs. Gandhi, untouchable leader Jagjivan Ram of the oppositioo Janata (People') party and caretaker Prime Minister Charan Singh.

Mrs. Gandhi is campaigning on a law and order platform accusing Morarji Desai and Charan Singh of incompetence and lack of firmness. Campaigning vigorously, the 62-year-old woman opposition leader addresses nearly a dozen meetings a day in dusty rural constitueocies and crowded rallies in towns

Ram, 72, has criticized Mrs. Gandhi and her cootroversial son, Sanjay, for their role in the 1975-77 state of emergeocy.



SCHOONER SURVIVORS: Members of the crew of the wind-powered wooden cargo schooner John S. Leavitt arrive in Westhampton Bench, New York, after their rescue by Air National Guard helicopters. The experimental ship foundered in choppy Atlantic coastal waters. All nine abourd were rescued.

Posters bring turmoil--Deng

PEKING, Jan. 2 (AP) - Senior Vice Premier Deng Xiaoping has again criticized some of the previous activities at oow closed "Democracy Wall," saying "our country can't stand turmoil."

Without a political situation of stability and unity, everyone would not be able to keep their minds on construction." Deng told a New Year's Day tea party of China's United Front Organization.

"Therefore, we disapprove of those people or events that cause turmoil, for example some of the things that were being done at "Xidan Wall," Deng added in a speech reported in Wednesday's newspapers.

"Of course, many of the people there were good people, but there were some people whose thinking was oot correct." he said. "our country can't stand turmoil. In past turmoil, the people suffered and the country suffered.

For more than a year, the wall at Xidan, oo Peking's main Chang An Boulevard, was a forum for complaints, grievances and opinions written on big posters. It also was a center for seiling privately published magazines of political opinion and literature.

After some of the posters' criticism challenged such basie principles as communist party primacy, posters were banned there

Earthquake kills 52 in Azores

PONTA DELGADA, Azores Jag. 2 (AP) - A strong earthquake has hit Portugal's Azores Islands in the mid-Atlantic, crumbiing buildings and killing at least 52 persons, officials reported. They said more than 300 were injured.

The U.S. Air Force base at Lajes on Terceira Island suffered minor damage but no American soldiers or their dependents were reported injured in the Tuesday quake according to an Air Force spokesman in Washington. He said Air Force disaster relief teams sent from the base to aid civilian rescue crews reported 52 Portuguese nationals kil-

led and at least 300 injured. The Lajes base is a refocling point and handles submarine reconnaissance flights.

Local communities on Terceira Island suffered heavy damage, the Washingtoo spokesmao said, and Air Force medical teams were helping the staff at the Angra Hospital near the Lajes base. He said the Air Force was providing blankets and other relief supplies in response to requests by officials of the regional government.

Turkish roads claimed nearly 10,000 in 1979

ANKARA, Jan. 2. (R) - A total of 9,192 persons died in road accidents io Turkey last year, according to official statistics. More than 55,000 people were injured io nearly 80,000 accidents oo the country's rugged

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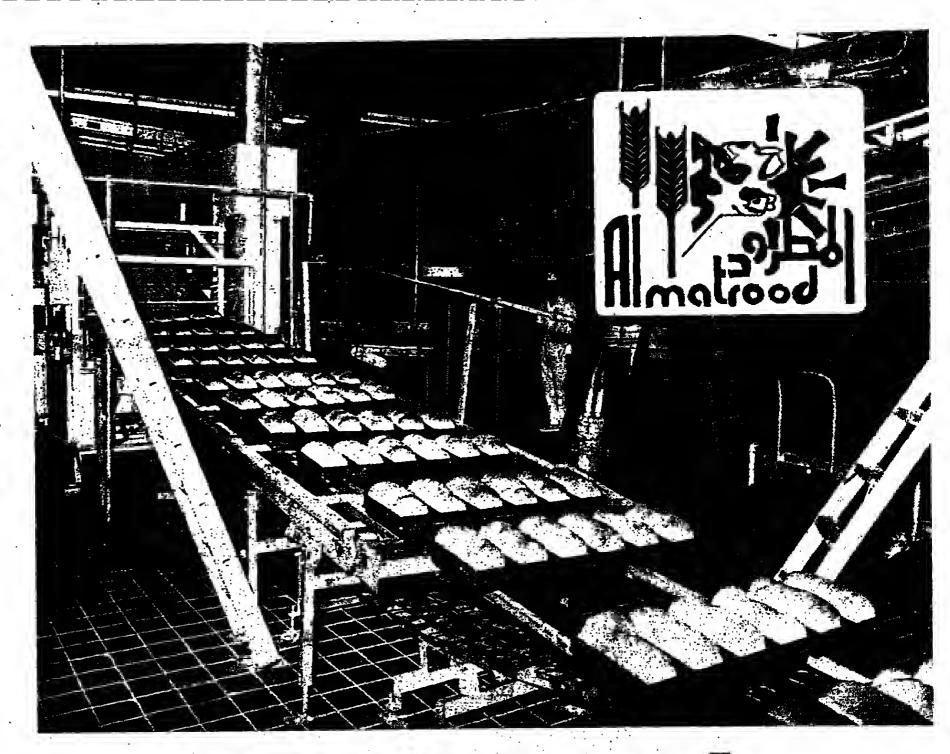
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It is to notify that Mr. Mirza Rahmatullah Baig Indian National, Passport No. K-633290 under our sponsorship was granted usual leave on 20th June, 1979 with exit & re-entry visa. He has not reported to our office after his arrival. Anyone knowing about his whereabouts should please contact us on phone 30684 Jeddah.

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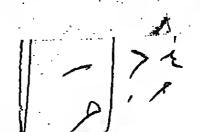
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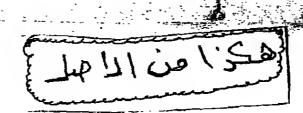
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labama, USC claim college laurels

NEW YORK, Jan. 2 (AP) - No, tworanked Alabama rolled over sixth-ranked Arkansas 24-9 in the Sugar Bowl as thirdplaced Southern California rallied to nip too-ranked Ohio State 17-16 in the Rose Bowi Tuesday, allowing the two winners to lay claim to the U.S. college football championship for the second straight season.

Last year, Alabama became national champion after being selected first in the Associated Press poil by 38 voters, Runnerup Southern Cal was picked first by 19 vnters. Both teams had lost once.

This year, Alabama finished 12-0 after the Sugar Bowl victory extended the nation's longest winning streak to 21 games. Southern Cal's reocrd was 11-0-1, with a tic to Stanford the only blemish.

Major Ogilvie scored on runs of 22 yards and one yard and set up a field goal with a 50-yard punt return to lead Alabama to an impressive victory.

"I feel we're deserving of the honor of being No. One," said Alabama coach Bear Bryant, whose 205th victory at Alabama tied Ohio State's Woody Hayes for the No. Two spot in triumphs at one major school.

Heisman Trophy winner Charles White, who set two Rose Bowl records in rusbing for 247 yards in 39 carries, dove for one yard with 1:54 left to lift Southern California past previously unbeaten Ohio State.

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"We deserve consideration to be No. One

in the nation," said Southern Cal coach John

Houston wide receiver Eric Herring grabbed a tipped six-yard touchdown pass from backup quarterback Terry Elston with 12 seconds to play to beat Nebraska 17-14 in the Cotton Bowl.

Tuesday night, fifth-ranked Oklahoma struck for two touchdowns in a 36-second span, the first on a 61-yard run by JOC. Watts and the other following one of three interceptinns by Bud Hebert, and snapped fourthranked Florida State's 15-game winning streak with a 24-7 triumph in the Organge

Oklahoma thus prevented Florida State from becoming one of only two major college tcams with a perfect record for the 1979 season, leaving Florida State with an 11-1 mark. It left Alabama as the only unbeaten, united major college team, with a 12-0 record.

Going into the annual New Year's Day of Bowl bashes, Ohio State was No. One in the AP poll, 11/2 points ahead of Alabama. Southern Cal was only 10 points out of first place, so it looks like another tight finish between these two college football superpowers.

After Arkansas was booted into a 3-0 lead, Ogilvie bolted 22 yards at 8:23 of the first quarter to give Alabama a lead it never lost. Ogilvie scored from one yard out less than three minutes later. The Tide led 17-3 at halftime after Alan McElroy's 25-yard field goal late in the second quarter.

Champions eclipsed

A year of soccer shakeups

LONDON Jan. 2 - Established champions had to make way for new teams when the trophies were handed out in 1979, a year of

Liverpool, two-time European champion, was eclipsed by another English dub, Nottingham Forest, Paraguay hecame south American champion for only the second time and the Vancouver Whitecaps toppled the bigspending New Year Cosmos on the way to its North American championship.

Olympia of Ascuncion crowned a fine year for tiny Paraguay by winning the south American dub championship.

That was nearly as big a surprise as Nottingham Forest's European Cup win, Managed by the charismatic pair of Brian Clough and Peter Taylor, Forest defeated the defenseminded Swedes of Malmo 1-0 in the final of a non-vintage European Cup year.

The other European club titles went to Barcelona, who took the Cuo Winners' Cup with a thrilling 4-3 victory over the West Germans of Fortuna Dusseldori, and Borussia Moenchengladbach, who confirmed the German strength in the UEFA Cup by beating Red Star Belgrade of Yugoslavia 2-1 on

The German strength in the UEFA Cup continued in the opening rounds of the 1979-80 competition, with five Bundesliga leams qualifying for the quarterfinals.

The European Nations' qualifying matches apart, it was a quiet year at international level, although Paraguay's south American championship win raised a few eyebrows across the Atlantic.

World champion Argentina took part in few meaningful matches, but discovered in a new superstar in the immensely talented

Diego Maradona. The game continued to grow in North America, where the Cosmos found that money does not huy success. The New Yorkers lost to the Vancouver Whitecaps in the semifinals, and the Canadians went on to beat fampa Bay in the Soccer Bowl.

The NASL's major problem remains the lack of encouragement to home grown talent. Too many clubs are importing overseas players instead of coaching young Ameri-

Los Angeles Aziecs, however, imported the world's top player. Dutch ace Johann Cruyif, who came out of retirement to promore the game in the States.

In Africa, teams from the Cameroons dominated the club championships, while a

Boxer dies after KO in S. Carolina bout

SPARTANBLIRG, South Carolina Jan. 2 (AP) — A 20-year-old hoxer died Tuesday from head injuries he received in the ring a week and a half hetere.

....

Deputy corner Smith Thomas said the cause of death was ablood elot on the hrain. The boxer, Tony Thomas, had been in a

coma in Spartanhug General Hospital since the Dec. 22 hout. He had undergone emergency surgery at the hospital after he collapsed in the dressing room about an hour after he lost the fight on a technical knockout. He had been given a standing eight-count late in the third round.

The referee stopped the fight with 1:10 remaining in the fourth round, naming Sammy Horne, 21, the winner.

Thomas was not examined by a physician before his fight, according to other boxers who fought that night. South Carolina state and local laws do not require fighters to be examined before their hours.

where the Kaizer Chiefs became the first predominantly black team to do the League and Annther West German team, Hamburg

little bit of history was made in South Africa,

SV, looked likely to provide the main challenge to Nottingham Forest for the 1979-80 European Cup. Inspired by English international Kevin

Keegan, elected European Footballer of the Year for the second successive season, Hamhurg firmly crushed Dinamo Tiblisi of Russia, the team which ended Liverpool's interest in this season's European Cup.

Despite Forest's dominance in the international arena. Liverpool's superiority in English domestic soccer was undisputed. Bob Paisley's team took the League title for the fourth time in a decade, and had established a lead by Christmas in the 1979-80 champion-

Arsenal won the FA Cup with a thrilling 3-2 defeat of Manchester United at Wemoley, but English club soccer was generally in decline with the wide-scale import of foreign players baving little effect on the standard of

Fransfer fees soared, with Andy Gray moving from Aston Vüla to Wolverhampton for over £ 11/2 million.

At international level, English soccer continued to progress under the coaching of elder statesman Ron Greenwood. England qualified for the finals of the European Nations' Championship, which will be held in

Arkansas dominated the third quarter and scored on quarterback Kevin Scanlon's three-yard pass on fourth down to Robert Farrell, bringing the Razorbacks tn within 17-9. But Alabama nailed down the victory with an overpowering 98-yard drive that culminated in Steve Whitman's 12-yard touchdown run with g:59 left in the game.

المكرزا من الأجل

While Alabama pulled away from a plucky Arkansas team, Southern Cal pulled out a squeaker. White opened the winning drive from the Southern Cal 17 with a 32-yard run and then ran to his right for 29 more yards. He finished the drive by carrying the ball four times for 12 yards and the winning touch-

Vlade Janakievski kicked a Rose Bowl record three field goals, giving the No. One ranked Buckeyes a 16-10 lead in the fourth

Eric Hipp, whose extra point after White's touchdown was the final margin of victory, began the scoring by booting a 41-yard field gnal in the first quarter. The Pacific-10 champion Trojans made it 10-0 on a 53-yard pass play from quarterback Paul McDonald to Kevin Williams.

But the Big I'en champion Buckeyes knot-ted the game at 10-10 at halftime on Janakievski's 35-yard field goal and a 67yard pass play from quarterback Art Schlichter to Gary Williams. In all, Schlichter connected on 11 passes in 21 attempts for 289

Janakievski kicked a 35-yard field goal to pull the Buckeyes ahead 13-10 in the third quarter and booted a 24-yarder with 9:42 left in the game.

"I think the outside of this game should determine the national championship," said Ohio State coach Earle Bruce, who led the Buckeyes to the brink of the national title in his first-year as head coach after the firing of Woody Haves.

But the losing Sugar Bowl coach was equally certain his team had succumbed to the national champion.

"I said it before and I said it now: I don't think there is anybody in the country who can beat Alabama," said Arkansas coach Lou Eight-ranked Houston changed Cotton

Bowl roles in rallying to nip the seventh-ranked Nebraska Comhuskers. In last year's Cotton Buwl, Notre Dame scored on the game's last play to beat the Cougars 35-34. The winning touchdown pass Tuesday came nn fourth down and was apped by Neb-

raska defenser Rick Windquist. The Cougars started the drive from their 34 with 3:56 left in the game, Elston hit Herring for completions of 10, 15 and 11 yards before connecting on the game-winner.

The winning drive came after Nebraska quarterback Jeff Quinn had tossed a six-yard touchdown pass to tight end Jeff Finn with less than four minutes left. Jarvis Redwine ran nine yards to give Neb-

raska a 7-0 lead in the first quarter. Houston tied it in the second quarter, then Kenny Hatfield kicked a 41-yard field goal for the Cougars.

On New Year's Eve, quarterback Mark Herrmann and Art Burrell hooked up for eight completions for 144 yards to give Pur-due to a 27-22 victory over Tennessee.

Few major games played

Weather disrupts English soccer

LONDON, Jan. 2 (R) — The weather was the big winner in British football Tuesday as frost cut deeply into the English and Scottish programs for the first time this season.

A total of 28 matches were postponed. including four in the First Division and the two big teams. Liverpool and Manchester United, were both given the day off.

Liverpool, two points ahead at the top, was to have played away at Stock City while United had a home match against last-placed Boiton called off.

The main recipients of the reduced program were London duh Arsenal, which won 1-11 away over Southampton to move above the club they beat back into third place in the

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Scottish Livison Or

Vilas takes

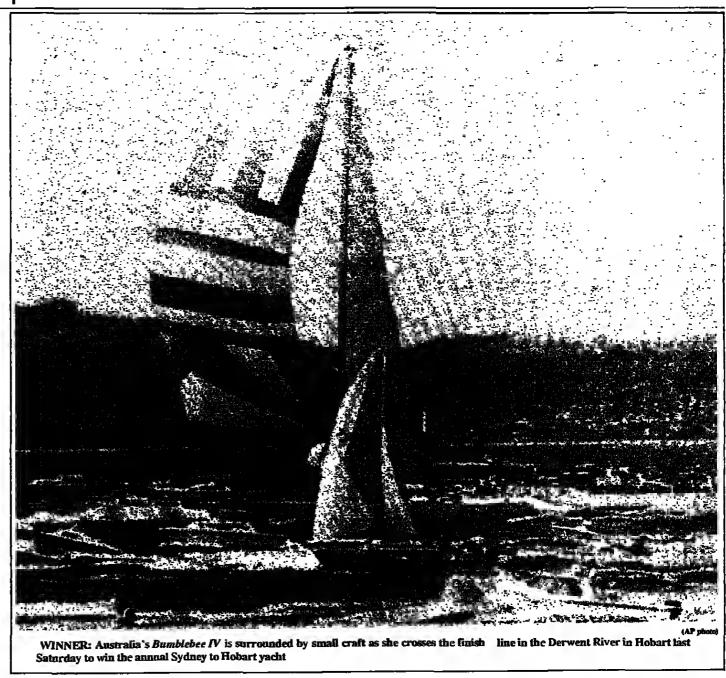
Australian tennis

MELBOURNE, Jan. 2 (AP) - Guillermo Vilas of Argentina won the Marlboro Australian Open tennis singles final Wednesday for the second successive year, and American Barbara Jordan ended a 13-year American drought by taking the women's singles crown.

Vilas downed American John Sadri 7-6,6-3,6-2 in the final at Kooyong Stadium. Sadri gave Vilas a tough fight in the first set, losing on the tie-breaker.

But Vilas won through with his speed around the court and a variety of winning





Starts Friday in Sydney

Hurt Laird looks forward to England Test cisely, but I guess I'm better than a 50-50

SYDNEY, Jan. 2 (AP) - Australia's gamecock opening batsman Bruce Laird Wednesday gave himself a better-than-50per-cent chance of being fit 10 play against England in the second Test beginning at the Sydney Cricket Ground on Friday.

Laird arrived in Sydney with the rest of the Australian team with his injured left arm heavily bandaged.

After a session of ultrasonic ray treatment and packing the injury in ice for a couple of chances of playing against the Englishmen. "My band is 100 per cent better than it was yesterday," said Laird, "I could hardly hold the bat last night, but it feels much more comfortable now.

"The selectors bave given me until Thursday afternoon to get it right and I think another 24 hours will do the trick,"

Laird will give the injury a searching test when the Australians work out at the SCG nets on Thursday. 'I wouldn't like to rate my prospects pre-

Play was beld up for several minutes while a doctor raced onto the field to give the plucky West Australian treatment for the

ENCLOSIVE A SERVISING RUNG.

BOOKER (Se

Laird sustained the injury when he was

struck on the left hand by a vicious delivery

from West Indian speedster Michael Holding

during the second Test at the Melbourne

chance at this stage," he said.

Cricket Ground Tuesday.

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GULF SUMMIT

There is clear need at the moment for a summit meeting involving the Arab states of the Gulf. The uncertainties of the Iranian-American crisis, together with the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan, point to a period of instability for the region. Beside this, there has been the long standing threats against the Gulf itself, from those who dream of controlling its wealth as both an easy solution for their economic troubles as well as a means for weakening the Arab world as a whole.

Foreign intervention in the Gulf masks itself with calls for guarantees of its security; the argument being that the area is to important economically and strategically for it to be left in local hands. The first task of such a summit would therefore be to formulate precisely a security strategy calculated to meet all eventualities, so that the mischevious arguments of the inter ventionists is confuted from the outset. The principle of the Gulf states mastering their own destiny has to pass from mere affirmation to a fully worked out policy which leaves nothing

There are those who might see an element of danger in such a demand. For, they argue, the Gulf is an integral part of the Arab world, and to call for it to look after its own interests in such a way might encourage the forces of regionalism and hence of division. It is true that there is some danger here. But the fact is that there is no hope at present for a unified Arab approach of the Gulf, and this is now a task which cannot be delayed. The Gulf states have, so to speak, to hold the fort until a unified Arab stand is worked out.

The aims of the required summit might he summed up under four beadings. The first concerns strengthening the internal structure of the Gulf states, and isolating the causes of internal and external friction among themselves and hetween them and the neighboring states. The second is too institutionalize the relations among the Gulf states around the issues of security and development. The third involves offering immediate backing to the Muslims in Afghanistan in their struggle against Soviet domination, as well as to Pakistan, which is now threatened by the recent developments in Afghanistan. The fourth is to foster closer contacts with North and South Yemen, with the aim of coordinating policies in such a way as to prevent either of them being used in the present international struggle for dominance.



Common Market Comecon wooing

By Sidney Weiland

VIENNA -The European Common Market, a Kremlin propaganda target for 15 years, is resisting blandishments from an unlikely suitor, the Moscow-led economie alliance Comecon.

While the Communist group offers a marriage of sorts, the Common Market is hesitant. Instead, it proposes a cautious relationship, severely short of the direct trade link which Comecon wants.

The Common Market plays a pivotal role in the economic life of its nine West European member states and views the partnership sought by Comecon as unequal. The Communist group is a much looser structure with virtually no supranational powers.

Ideology apart, officials of the European Economic Community (EEC) say the methods and marketing practices of the two organizations are also vastly different and not compatible. While the EEC operates a joint tariff system and is empowered to negotiate trade relations on behalf of its members with other countries. Comecon's 10 governments settle trading arrangements separately.

Comecon bas passed for a broad agreement to regulate trade with the Common Warket on a blocto-bloc basis, claiming the right to set general trading patterns for all its members, like the Common

This would put the Communist group on the same political footing as the EEC, giving it a status and official respectability which the Common Market says is undeserved because Comecon bas no tariff structure of its own.

Common Market officials interviewed at EEC headquarters in Brussels say such a relationship would also seem to endorse the Soviet Union's dominant and often controlling position in Eastern Europe's economic affairs.

As a concession, the EEC has agreed to include general preferences to trade in a vague cooperation accord with Comecon. But it rejects any agreement that would recognize the two groupings as equal trading partners. The EEC wants a framework agreement that would permit working contacts and exchanges of information on subjects such as standardization, environment protection and statistics, but would leave the Common Market free to negotiate directly with each of Comecon's member governments.

After initial objectious Comecon appears willing to allow its members to negotiate trade terms with the EEC - but only provided negotiations are within general lines settled first by the two organiza-

rions. EEC and Comecon experts bave met seven times in five years in hopes of patching together some sort of relationship. So far, they have been kept apart by basically conflicting approaches.

"The agreement proposed by Comecon wouldn't add a single Kopeck in commercial exchanges," says a senior EEC official involved in the Brussels-Vioscow talks. "It wouldn't affect actual

EEC Vice-President Withelm Haferkamp visited Comecon headquarters in Vioscow for three days of talks in November, but no results were reported beyond agreement to meet again in Brussels next

April.
"We have come somewhat closer, and it is possible we will get an agreement in 1980. But it will be limited to generalities. I don't believe we will go any further," a Common Varket negotiator says.

Direct contacts between Moscow and Brussels started in 1975, two years after the Communists nade their first overtures. For years earlier, the Kremlin maintained a sharp political campaign against the European Community, labeling it a captalist tool.

While this charge is occasionally renewed, Comecon now has good reasons for wanting to settle

As EEC integration has tightened over the past five years, East European governments have found it harder to sell in Common Market countries. Their exports are held down by EEC quotas, which hit especially bard against agricultural products, a staple in Communist trading. The EEC says other quotas prevent dumping cheap industrial goods.

Comecon's interest in a deal sharpened when EEC countries allowed their national trade agreements with Communist governments to lapse at the end of 1974, leaving it to the community as a whole to negotiate with individual states.

Since then, no East Bloc country has signed a general trade agreement with the Common Market, and Comecon has shifted ground gradually but slowly from its original refusal to recognize the

Although no formal commercial ries exist, trade continues with the EEC nine - Belgium, Britain, Denmark, France, West Germany, Italy, Ireland,

Luxembourg and the Netherlands. EEC officials say Comecon countries have failed to adapt their exports to Western needs. "They generally try to sell what they traditionally produce, not what the customer wants," a Western diplomat comments. "Overall, their technology is at a low

Despite the EEC-Comecon standstill, Romania, Hungary, Poland and Bulgaria have concluded fringe agreements with the EEC regulating textile sales to the Common Market. The same four countries plus Czechoslovakia have also signed agreements setting steel quotas

Romania, which follows a strongly independent policy inside the Soviet bloc, stepped out of line in 1974 by accepting special preferences from the Common Market as a developing country.

The Romanians also began negotiations with Brussels last May on a separate trade agreement, but are delaying signature, apparently while awaiting the outcome of the EEC-Comecon discussions.

Communist but independent Yugoslavia signed a first agreement with the EEC in 1970 and is now negotiating a new long-term accord which officials hope to sign by February.

China concluded a five-year trade agreement in Brussels in 1978 and sees its links with the Common Market as a major factor in a political strategy aimed at limiting "Soviet hegemony."

Comecon countries also have diplomats in the Belgian capital whose main job is to maintain contact, even without formal relations. "They are always in and out of our offices," an EEC officials

EEC experts have a low opinion of Comecon's structure and trading methods.

"Comecon has no common industrial or agricultural policy," one official says. "All they do is try to coordinate the five-year plans adopted by member

Another describes Comecon's partiality for barter trade as a "primitive form, a method that dates back to pre-history." - (R)

Progress in the fight against cancer

LOS ANGELES -

American sciendsts last month reported encouraging progress" on research into interferon, a scare, ultra-costly substance produced by the human body that has shown considerable promise in the fight against cancer.

An intense international competition has sprung up over the last year to solve the riddle of how interferon works. In the lead, over a range of commercial and government-funded laboratories, is the California Institute of Technology.

Amid an ordered chaos of bubbling beakers, test

tubes and wires in a long basement room, the Pasadena-based "Caltech" team is trying to determine the generic structure of the interferon molecule. If that key can be found, says Caltech's youthful Dr. Michael Hunkapiller, it will almost certainly lead to mass-production of a material which today costs \$ 1,500 for as little as onemillionth of an ounce.

And that is vital to furtherance of multi-million dollar clinical tests already under way on cancer parients in the U.S. It is also of the keenest interest to major chemical companies, who see the possibility of a new and hugely profitable " miracle drug. '

Interferon is a hormone-like protein produced by the cells of all vertebrate animals in response to attacks by viruses. Discovered by British scientists Alick Isaacs and Jean Lindenmann at Oxford in 1957, it "interferes" with the infection process not as a viruskiller, but as a biological signaling agent which triggers anti-virus reaction within cells. That interferon is effective against numerous viral diseases, including the sometimes lethal hepatitis B, has already been shown.

Can it cure cancer? So far, said researcher Dr. Alba Creasey recently, results have been promising. Dr. Creasey is part of a team at California's Stanford University — one of five medical centers in the U.S. conducting the first mass tests of interferon injection treatment with 150 patients afflicted with various cancers.

Interferon appears to slow the rate at which malignant cells grow, and also to prevent them growing into a "colony" or tumour. Presumably because it is a natural body product, it has shown none of the toxic side-effects of chemotherapy. Amid conservative skepnicism, doctors in Stock-

holm and Houston, Texas, as well as California, have reported success with small-scale interferon tests over the last three years.

But the work has long been hindered because only a trickle of interferon was available for human research. Until recently, supplies came chiefly from Finland, where some 65,000 pints of Red Cross blood went annually to produce just 100 milligrams of the potent material. That meant that one lab test on a common cold virus cost \$ 2,000. Now the growing bopes for interferon have

inspired the U.S. government's National Cancer Institute to earmark \$ 7 million this year for purchase of interferon for research. The privately funded American Cancer Society has already bought \$ 2 million worth; and some U.S. chemical companies have begun to make the material.

The Caltech team has been studying the interferon molecule's structure for the past 10 months, and will not conclude its work before the end of 1980. Progress to date, said Dr. Hunkapiller, has been encouraging." Caltech has an edge on the field thanks to its extraordinarily sensitive "microsequencers," which can separate the material into infinitely minute segments and should eventually permit identification of the 150-odd amino acids on the protein's active chain.

To unlock interferon's secrets, researchers must first isolate the gene that orders interferon production. Then it could be cloned through genetic engineering — inserted in a strain of bacteria, which would multiply and create a cheap, plentiful supply of interferon. Or, once the amino acid sequence is known, it could be chemically synthesized for mass production.

In U.S. scientific circles it is rumored that certain Californian genetic engineering firms have already isolated the crucial gene. Dr. Hunkapiller says he doubts it: "They're just trying to psych out the competition." But a spokesman for one such company, Genentech Inc., of San Francisco, predicts that cheap interferon will be in production by the end of 1980.

Even if it is, experts emphasize that this intriguing 'intercellular regulator' and messenger has a long way to go before it is proved useful in widespread trials against cancer. But the new influx of tax doilars and money from the big pharmaceutical companies is speeding up the process. - (OFNS)

Letter to the editor

Finally, the world opened its eyes and believed what we have been saying for the past year, we are not fighting the troops of the Afghan government, but the Russians. When will the Muslim world wake up and

witness the atrocities caused by Russians and their puppets in Kabul against our innocent Muslim brothers and sisters of Aighanistan? One has only got to visit the refugee camps in Pakistan to feel deep down inside what it means to be a refugee with no adequate heig.

My Muslim brothers and sisters, we will not beg for help, for we will fight with everything we have; with our bare hands if we have to. Afghamstan is not Czechoslovakia. The Russians will pay a very high price for every drop of Muslim blood spilled,

This is a Jihad, a true Jihad and we will not allow Afghanistan to be a bridge upon which other Muslim countries could one day be threatened. Above all, Afghanistan will not be a pawn on a chess board for the superpowers to play with

Solem M.S. Modiadidi

saudi press review

The United Nations Security Council's projected debate on Russia's intervention in Afghanistan and the presence of increased numbers of Soviet soldiers in Afghanistan formed lead stories in some papers on Wednesday, while others led with important military appointments in the Kingdom and Riyadh Governor Prince Salman's assertion that Saudi Arabia is a "companion of destiny" for the Palestinian revolution.

Newspapers frontpaged the Muslim World League's condemnation of the Soviet action, which was expressed in a cable to King Khaled Crown Prince Fahd's orders for the construction of three more tunnels in Mecca and Oatar's reported announcement of the freezing of its oil prices this year also figured prominently on

the front pages of the newspapers. Newspapers continued to concentrate on the threat that Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan posed to Islamic states of the region. They reaffirmed that adopting the policy of violence to Islamic unity and solidarity pro- establish themselves militarily in

Al -Riyadh said in an editorial that the Soviet Union had not expected a strong resistance from a large number of Afghan army and Muslim revolutionaries.

Moscow failed to make a precise assessment of international reaction to its ignoble action in Afghanistan. It had thought that its action would be forgotten after some expression of resentment in newspapers and diplnmatic cir-

The Soviet Union had not foreseen that the issue would develop serious dimensions after its bloody invasion on an independent state, the paper said. By their military intervention, the Soviets have, in fact, violated the pollcy of accord with the United States and have subjected the SALT II treaty to abrogation. It is obvious now that the Soviets have begun a new era of challenge to world peace by

vide the only means to stand firm areas of their influence, the paper against the Communist danger.

Writing editorially on the situation in Afghanistan, Al Nadwa said it was time for that Islamic nation to take its destiny into its own hands to avoid further blows from the enemies. The protest demonstrations in Tehran against the Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan and the demonstrators' attempts to attack the Soviet embassy there reflected their real sentiments against foreign interference in the affairs of

the states of the region, it said. The paper added that the recent cries in the Islamic world that it sbould be capable enough of thwarting others' ambitions have been symbolic of the stance of the Muslims who have refused to accept the Communist intervention in Muslim Afghanistan.

Al Bilad warned that the Afghanistan event was only the first step in a formidable Communist plot aimed at spreading its ideologies throughout the Islamic world: It asserted that the only

way open before the Muslims was to stand firm before the Communist and Zionist dangers. Their solidarity and unity of objectives will help them face all difficult situations, it said.

Describing the event in Afghanistan as a "painful thrust" into a part of the Islamic world, the paper urged Muslims to work effectively and with all potennalities to meet the Communist and Zinnist threats successfully.

community should not to remain content with mere condemnation of the Saviet intervention in Afghanistan . It said the international community in general and the Islamic nation in particular strongly oppose the Soviet agression aimed at dominating the Muslims of Afghanistan.

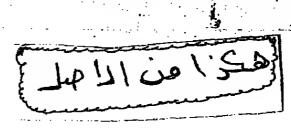
and condemnable, it poses a grave

Okaz said the international

threat to the Islamic faith which is dear to the people of Afghanistan,

ments of the Palestinian revolution during the past 15 years, Al lazirah lauded its effectiveness since in shaking the Zionists in Palestine and elsewhere in the world. The paper recalled the difficult circumstances under which the Palestinians had started off their revolution and complimented the lead they received from the Palestine Liberation Movement (Fatch) and the Palestine Liberation Organization The paper asserted that the

Arab diplomatic, political, material and moral support for the Palestinian revolution has helped achieve victories in different fields. As a result of this support. public opinion in Western Europe became favorable toward Palestinian rights while the Third World extended an all out support to the The Soviet attitude is repugnant Palestinian people and the Arab cause. The Arab effort was also instrumental in winning some American public opinion in favor of the rights of the people of Pales-In an editorial on the achieve-tine, the paper added.



The sickle and the scimitar

By ADEL BISHTAWI recently in Kabul

KABUL - Just before midnight, a powerful searchlight beams from a station on top of the highest hill to scan the curfewed streets and hills surrounding Kabul in search of counter-revolutionaries, laekeys of imperialism, or guerrillas,

Occasionally, the searchlight shines on the Arg (the Citadel), or the People's House, as it has come to be known since the bloody Marxist Revolution that overthrew Muhammad Daoud and the ruling family in April, 1978. The guards there know somebody is watching over those who waich.

Over the houses of a million sleeping Kabulis, the beam is magnified by the clouds of dust and wood and kebab smoke which descend by late evening with the cold mist. At 7,000 feet, breathing is difficult; in the town center, it is almost suffocating. The cloudy mixture stagnates, and the wind fails to clear

The people of Kabul have forgotten a similar searchlight in 1504 when a wandering Khan settled in Kabul. The story goes that Zuhair Eddin Muhammad, expelled from his kingdom near Samarkand by the army, ordered his followers to light huge fires on the hills before descending to occupy the city.

The king called himself Babur or the tiger,

and ruled over the city for a long time before deciding to lead his army south to establish the Mughal Empire. It was true theo, as now, that be who ruled Kabul ruled Afghanistan, Babur, of course, was a descendant of Tamerlane and of Genghis Khan.

This country is the "roundabout" of civilization. Its inhabitants have watched the armies of the greatest conquerors of the world march or flee toward the Khyber Pass: Alexander, the Arabs, Genghis Khau, Tamerlane, Babur, the Persians and the Brit-

The Afghans have never been conquered. The name Afghanistan, land of Afghans, dates to 1747 when Durrat Al Durrar, pearl of pearls, escaped from the court of the Persian tyrant, Nadir Shah, and came to settle in the country. As Ahmad Shah Durrani, he paved the way for an independent state. He is best known as a possessor of what is now the brightest jewel in the British Crown, the Koh-i-noor. When fleeing Nadir's camp, he' took the jewel with him.

There are no statues of Babur or Durrani. The founder of the Mughal Empire is buried

Its inhabitants have watched the armies of the greatest conquerers of the world march or fleeto the Khyber Pass. Afghanistan has never been conquered.

in the simplest of graves, but opposite the People's House a strange statue bas been erected; a Soviet tank, a symbol of the role played by the army in putting an end to the government of President Mubammad Daoud.

هيئ الما عل

There are many other signs which remind the people of Kabul of the change. Red flags are everywhere, army and police patrols roam the streets after 11 p.m. when the curfew begins and tanks are stationed in and around the People's House to draw attention to the oew power: the red torch over Afghanistan and its multitude of races. They accepted Islam in the early 8th century but one group, the mouotainmen oow known as Nuristanis, did not embrace the faith until 1896.

The 15 million Afghans are a mixture. The Pathans, also known as Pakhtunes or Pakhtans, constitute the largest single group in the country. They are very proud and regard themselves as the only true Afghans. They occupy the mountainous areas in the southeast, but they seem to rule Kabul itself.

Other groups are the Hazara, who inhabit central Afghanistan. They are sbort and slant-eyed and are supposed to be of Moogol desceot. There are Uzbeks, Tajiks, and Turkomans, the main languages in Afghanistao are Pashto and a form of Persian.

Afghanistan is the largest tribal concentration in the world, and borders are seldom taken seriously. The tribesmen are more loyal to their chiefs than to any government.

The revolution in 1978 was met with opposition from large sections of these tribes. Fighting between tribesmen and government forces has been raging for the last 19 months. Each of the last three presidents of Afghanistan has promised, without success, to reach a peaceful solution.

The result of the fighting is that government forces are more than ever limited to the major cities and roads while the rebels control the countryside, or an estimated 60 per cent of Afghanistan. The continuation of the fighting has also led to violent changes of

Looking from a window in the Kabul Hotel ar the People's House, or the Arg, one almost smells the abbatoir of Afghan politics. On April 27, 1978 more than 30 of President Muhammad Daoud's family were killed. On Sept. 14, 1979 Hafizullah Amin launched an attack on the People's House; President Nur Muhammad Taraki and his wife were killed. On Dee. 27, President Amin, his wife seven children, a brother, and a nepbew were

executed after yet another coup.

New faces come from the north. They bring vast quantities of Russian military bardware which is in great demand at present.

So is red paint. Afghan bank notes were in such short supply that the government took desperate action to remedy the situation. After Daoud removed King Muhammad Zahir Shah in 1973, the newly proclaimed republic with-beld the circulation of the 1,000 Afghan bank

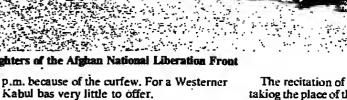
oote carrying the picture of the king. Because of the shortage, the Marxist government recently released a large number of the withheld currency originally destined for destruc-

It is believed that Europeans living in Kabul before the revolution numbered several thousand. The government declared a clamp-down on young people who used to come in search of cheap living and cheaper hashish. Hashish was so popular that private gardens were choked with cannabis. The haven of the young in Kabul, Chickens Street, is empty now. So are the hotels. Instead, scores of Russians can be seen at breakfast tables in hotels along with Vietoamese, Bulgarians and Yugoslavs.

The Europeans are leaving gradually aod their number at present does not exceed 400 or 500. One European told me at a small party, "I am leaving Sunday but I shall not miss this country or its people."

This might be the impression of Europeans living in the neighborhood of Ali Akbar Khan (Kabul's Mayfair). Those people enjoyed their time in Kabul before the revolution. A young foreigner commented sadly," We really bad a good time. At parties, the number of girls always exceeded that of

men."
But Kabul is a dry city. There is no night life and gatherings have to end around 10



There are only about 50 Arabs in Kabul. The majority of these are staff at the four embassies: the Saudi Arabian, Libyan, Egyptian and the Iraqi along with a recently opened office of the PLO. Iraq has the largest turn rusty again. New faces come from

the north. They bring Russian hardware which is in great demand. So is red paint.

embassy staff (about 20) and the mission is led by a diplomat fluent in Persian.

In addition, there are a very few Arab students, teachers from Saudi Arabia and until recently in the month of Ramadan, a small number of Egyptian Koran reciters. When relations between Cairo and Kabul were servered because of the treaty with Israel,the ambassador was recalled and so were the

The recitation of Marxist principles is now taking the place of the Koran. Book shops are filled with Marxist and Soviet literature. Pamphlets painted in stark red are for sale on the pavements along with other books in Pashto and Persian. The rusty color of Kabul is turning more red every day and with the summer and the scorching sun, all will soon

Most of the Marxist literature dates to before World War II. With the new literature, there is a new journalism for Afghanistan. Stock communist phrases are in the five dailies published in Kabul. One of the oewspapers ran an editorial saying: "Our people are engaged in the building of their bomeland with great joy and jubilation. Under the previous despotic regimes a minority group of spongers and agents of colonialism and imperislism used to play with the destinies of the toiling people."

A grocer near the main square was astonished when he discovered 1 was an

"From which Arab kingdom do you come?" be asked.

I found it difficult to explain to him that I was born in an occupied Arab territory -Palestine— so 1 said 1 came from Syria.

"Ah," he said smilling, "the Kingdom of Syria, and does your king still live in the mos-



Fighters of the Afghan National Liberation Front

KIOSK Goings-on about town

Roman mosaics

Jeddah

Saturday, Jan. 5

The Natural History Society will hear Dr. lyad Nadir speak on Mammals of Saudi Arabia at 8:00 p.m. at the USGS Remote notice is given in advance. Sensing Building off Medina Road, The Society is planning an excursion to the Turkish Railway on Jan. 25. Details will be announced at the meeting. Members are also requested to return their library books for cataloguing.

Monday, Jan. 7

Tea at the Danish ambassador's residence for Danish women from 4:00 to 6:00 p.m. The film, "Land of Allah" will be shown. Entertainment for children will be provided if

Dhahran

Thursday, Jan. 3 to Thursday, Jan. 10

Registration continues for the Khobar Tennis Tournament. Open to all players over British Wives' Association Coffee Morn-ing, 10:30 a.m. in the British Ambassador's forms, call Alain Favre at 8670255.

An ancient coastline only days away

By CLARE KENT

JEDDAH - The Mediterranean coast of Turkey is only three or four days drive from Saudi Arabia. Loog days admittedly, but tarmac all the way, and what an advecture. Amman, Damascus, and Aleppo all waiting to be visited en route. Theo those lovely beaches of southern Turkey, ancient ruins at every turn of the road, wonderful food at every little restaurant.

Adana is one of the first towns in Turkey on the road from Saudi Arabia. A bright, cheerful piace full of trotting borses pulling carriages. After that, between Adana and Mersin there is a great cotton growing area. In September whole families take to the fields to pick the cotton. The white covered fields are sprinkled with the bright colors of the women's dresses. The roads are filled with tractors pulling trailer loads of cotton to the local factory.

Near Mersin is the site of Tarsus, ancient city, birthplace of Paul, and where Anthooy met his Cleopatra. All along the coast are the remains of cities steeped to history and legend. Inhabited since the earliest days of antiquity, this coast has been the scene of a succession of rulers: Hittites, Assyrians, Persians, Romans, followed by the Byzantines, the Arabs, the Crusaders, the Seljuk Turks and finally the Ottoman Turks. Splendid monumeots to this day and amazing history

The coast road from Mersin to Anamur, Alanya and Antalya is beautiful. There are pleoty of good botels and some excellent camp-sites. The beaches are mostly unspoilt, particularly out of the bigger towns and it is still possible to find small deserted bays.

The scenery is spectacular. The sea is clear and the vegetation luxuriant, right to the water's edge. Orange and lemon trees throw out delightful scents and the mountains rise up from them far into the clouds.

Antalya was an important port in the secood century B.C. Today it is a fashionable. resort. Apart from the modern city and the beaches, there is an Archaeological Museum containing valuable exhibits from all the civilizations of the region. There is also a collec-, tion of ancient manuscripts in a nearby library. In one of the main streets there is ao impressive marble gate, the Hadriao Gate, with three highly decorated arches and two turrets. It was built in 130 A.D. when the Emperor Hadrian visited the town.

Inland from Antalya there is ao interesting cave with rock drawings on the walls. From these drawings and other findings in the cave it is believed that the area was inhabited in the paleolithic age.

Betweeo Antalya and Alanya there are such ancient cities as Perge, Aspeodos and Side. Side is only a short way off the main road, It has a fine selection of hotels and restaurants, a beautiful beach, and the wellpreserved remains of the Hellenistic city. The largest Pamphyliao theatre, able to bold 25,000 spectators, can be seen here. But the ruins hide shady characters selling 'aocient' coins and statues at exhorbitant prices.

Food too, is wonderful in southern Turkey. The fish is fresh from the sea and delicious. Fruit and vegetables grow in abundance so

the best of the season is found in the shops and cafes. There are little restaurants overlooking the sea, surrounded by ancient ruins, and with a backcloth of towering mountains.

Shish Kebab is found all over the world oow but it originated in Turkey. It is said to bave created during the era of the Ottoman Empire. Turkish soldiers, forced to camp out io tents for months on eod, discovered the delights of grilled meat cooked over an open wood or charcoal fire. In Turkey the meat is marinaded in oil, onions and spices then cooked over a fire sprinkled with fresh herbs. Yogurtlu Kebab is a famous Turkish version of this disb which is well worth trying.

Meat balls made with either lamb or beef are another feature of Turkish cooking which has spread all over the Middle East. And, of course, Turkish pastries and coffee are well known everywhere.

Yogurtlu Kebab

11/2-lb. lean tender lamb or beef

Butter Salt and black pepper

6 thick slices bread 4 romatoes, skinoed and chopped ½·— ¼ pt. yoghourt 1 tbsp. paprika Cut the meat ioto 1 inch cubes and saute

geotly io oil or butter until tender but juicy. Season to taste with salt and black pepper. Remove the cructs from the bread and cut the slices ioto 1 inch squares. Toast lightly or fry in butter. Arrange at the bottom of a shallow serving dish.

Saute tomatoes in a very little butter until they are soft and season to taste. Beat the yogourt and season.

Just before serving, spread the pureed tomatoes over the squares of toast, pour the yogourt over the tomatoes, arrange the meat cubes oo top and dribble 2 tablespoons butter mixed with paprika over the entire dish. Serve immediately.

Kadin Budu

I lb. minced lamb or beef I thsp. rice

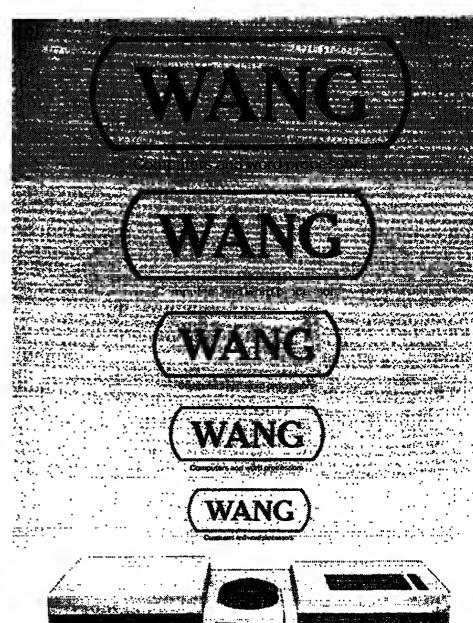
1 tsp. oil 1 small onion, grated

3 eggs

1 tsp. chopped parsley 1 tsp. chopped dill Salt and black pepper Flour

2 tbsp. butter Work the meat to a smooth paste. Put it in a bowl with the rice, two eggs, the oil, grated onion, parsley and dill, and season with salt and pepper. Mix well and knead to a smooth paste. Shape into walnut-sized balls, rinsing your baods with water to preveot the meat from sticking to them, and arrange them in a pan with a little water, about 1/4 pint. Cover and simmer gently for about 20 minutes, or until the water has been absorbed and the meat and rice are cooked. Drain the meat balls and cool them.

Beat the remaining egg. Dip the meat balls in the beaten egg and roll them in the flour. Melt the butter in a frying pan. When it is sizzling, add the meat balls and fry them until crisp and goldeo brown alt over,





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By J. P. Smith

the 1920s, a Unioo Oil geologist told his company he was onto a major oil discovery in

central California. Impressed, Union drilled

Today that black goo is known as heavy

crude and - thanks to some new develop-

ments in extraction technology — several oil companies are betting a lot of money that

they can ger it out of the ground and sell it at a

Getty Oil, for one, is opening a \$21 million

operatioo outside Bakersfield, Calif., not far

from the Union find, to tap a reservoir Getty

believes cootains 400 million barrels of

crude. Other companies are contemplating

similar efforts in New Mexico, Utah and

other oil-producing states.

To fact, Shell Oil's \$3.6 billion purchase of

California's Beldridge Oil Co. earlier this

year may have been predicted on Shell's abil-

ity to squeeze e tot more out of Beldridge's

holdings than could be obtained through

cooventional drilling.

The key to all this is oil mining, a term that ecompasses several processes. In one, the

oil-bearing rock is simply mined out of the ground and the crude "cooked" out of it. In

others, buge pits are dug down to the oil

formation and chemicals applied to looseo

the oil. In still others, shafts are drilled

underneath the reservoir and boles cut

upward so the oil drips out, like sap from a

they are applicable oot only to heavy crude,

but also to tar sands, a hydroarbon-bearing

soil called diatomite, and, perhaps most importantly, to old fields of lighter crude

Studies for the Interior Department's

Bureau of Mines conclude that oil mining

could increase America's Bureau of Mines

conclode that oil mining could increase

America's economically exploitable oil

reserves tenfold, adding bundreds of billions

of barrels to the oatioo's current 30 billion

John Hutchins of Energy Development

Coosultaots, who worked on one of the

studies, says: "It's quicker and probably a lot

cheaper than oil shale and coal liquefaction.

The only thing left is just going out and trying it." And that is what Getty and the others are

doing.

The idea of mining for oil is oot oew. A

1932 Bureau of Mines study by George S.

Rice coocluded, "Where conditions are

favorable, mining methods in depleted oil-

fields may bring large financial returns and

But until recently an important factor has

In the development of any mineral

resource, the first question that must be ans-

wered is whether the deposit is "economic"

- that is, can the mineral be mined and pro-

cessed and sold for a profit at the prevailing

selling for \$2 to \$3 a barrel, only the cheapest

extraction process could be employed profit-

Bureau of Mines consultants say that

surface-mined oil can be produced at a cost

ranging from \$12 to \$21 a barrel, and that the

cost for oil from underground mining opera-

tions ranges from as little as \$ 10 e barrel to \$

Richard Dick of the Bureau of Mines' Twin

Cities Research Center in Minneapolis says:

A couple of million barrels a day of produc-

tioo from oil mining is possible, by 1990, co

Dick oversaw the studies prepared by Gol-

der Associates and Energy Development

Consultants and released to the public earlier

deposits in this country can be mined

Sheldon Wimpfeo, the bureau's chief min-

From a mining standpoint, all of this is

Wimpfeo became interested in oil mining

years ago wheo be noticed that mining

proven technology in use worldwide," Wimp-

"Under roday's economics, many of the oil

ably.

Now all that bas changed.

60 a barrel.

doubt about it."

economically," be adds.

ing engineer, also is optimistic.

Oil is no different, and when crude was

recover oil that might otherwise be lost."

barrels of proven reserves.

beeo lacking: price.

where conventional wells have run dry.

These processes are attractive because

a string of wells and hit - black goo.

The geologist was fired.

tidy profit.

All over Britain

100,000 steelworkers on strike

LONDON, Jao. 2 (Agencies) - Picket lines were set up ar steel plants all over Britain on an icy morning Wednesday as more than 100,000 steelworkers began Britain's first oational steel strike in 54 years.

British Steel Corp. chairman, Sir Charles Villiers, said "the door is still open" for further oegotiations, but warned the strike was likely to last weeks rather thao days.

The strikers — 90,000 io the Iroo and Steel Trades Confederation and 13.000 furnacemen - began striking at midnight over a BSC pay offer of six per ceot, plus the prospect of local productivity deals.

The steelworkers want a 16 per ceot boost et a time when inflation in Britain is running

Any more money would have to come from the already burdened British taxpeyer as BSC bas cost the public 4 billion pounds (\$8.8 billioo) io subsidies over the past six years and is still deeply in the red.

Like those of other countries, the British steel industry is suffering from worldwide lack of demand and is losing nearly one million sterling (\$2.2 million) a day.

Steel stocks in Britain are high, and major users, including the car industry, say they have ecough steel to maintain production for at least a month. Villiers said Tuesday, "There are maybe two or three mooths of stocks altogether, but

some specialty steel supplies may last only three or four weeks," BSC executives met Wednesday to discuss

their next move but strike leader Bill Sirs of the Iron and Steel Trades Confederation said, "Unless there is more mooey on the table there is nothing to talk about.

"I am certain that within a couple of weeks the effects of our strike will begio to be felt in

all parts of the industry," Sirs added.

Rail workers have already promised full support and dockers are expected to agree to stop foreign steel coming into the country to replace stocks normally produced by BSC.

Industry Minister Sir Keith Joseph urged steel workers to accept the pay and productivity deal or face the further decline of the debt-riddeo, overmanned British steel indus-

"There is already too much steel in the world," Joseph said. "They will lose customers who will go elsewhere."

It was the first major strike to face the Conservative government of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, whose party swept to power in the geoeral election last May following a "winter of disconteot" in which gravediggers, garbagemen, bospital deaners and other municipal workers staged crippling.

strikes against a weak labor government. Britain last suffered a national steel strike during a geoeral strike io 1926.____

Iran moves **overseas** accounts

TEHRAN, Jan. 2 (AP) - A Central Bank official said Wednesday that Iran moved part of its estimated \$13 billion in overseas accounts from banks in Europe to other oations as a precaution against possible U.N.

"I can just say that the mooey was transferred from Europeao banks to banks in other countries," said Ali Mavi-Rad, head of overseas finances for Iran's Merkazi Bank.

"Geoerally speaking, it is true that we have taken actions to safeguard our interests in the event of sanctions," Mavi-Rad said. He refused to elaborate.

He denied a report that Iran bad transferred billions of dollars from Japanese banks to Algeria and Libya, but said the bank had moved some of its money between Japanese financial institutions.

Earlier Iranian sources said the government bed moved two billion dollars from banks in Britain to banks in other European nations in anticipation of sanctions.

The U.N. Security Council last weekeod voted to consider sanctions against Iran if students holding American bostages inside the occupied U.S. embassy do oot beed an earlier couocil resolution calling for their release no later than Jan, 7,

About eight billion dollars were frozen in U.S. banks last November following the embassy takeover.

The financial and business leaders, anticipating sanctions and seeking to break ties with the "imperialistic United States," formerly Iran's largest trade partner, and are turning to other Western and Socialist countries for trade and technology,

Chevron halts two wells in south Sudan

Oil, which has been exploring for oil in southern Sudan for the past three years, has abandooed the two most recent wells being dril-led, the official Sudanese News Ageocy reported Wednesday.

1.58

ARRIVAL

Chevron Sudan manager Jim Payyne said io an loterview the two wells proved to be dry boles, but the company bas already begun drilling two other wells in the same area and expects results within a couple of months.

Chevron, a subsidiary of Standard Oil of America, announced in 1976 that it had discovered the presence of 90 million barrels of low grade crude and 179 billion cubic feet of gas in the southern and Red Sea coastal area of Sudan.

Since theo it has drilled 11 boles in south and south-west, Sudan, the ageocy said. The Freoch Oil Company, Total is drilling in the central section of the Red Sea coastal erea, and the American company, Eastern Texas, was granted exploration rights on the oorthern Red Sea coast earlier this mooth.

Oil firms investing in heavy crude "enhancement oil recovery" operations, "We have some mineral operations that WASHINGTON, Jan. 2 (WP) - Back io typically recover up to 90 per cent of the ore.

bur the oil boys have settled for a lot less,"

Wimpfen cooncoes. In the last century, more than 450 billion barrels of oil have been discovered in the United States. But just 1.15 billioo barrels have been produced. Current conventional production technology will allow the oil companies to produce about another 30 billion barrels, leaving some 305 billioo barrels out of reach.

Another 26 billion barrels of oil are locked in Utah's tar sands, and billions more elsewhere. Then there are an estimated 30 billion barrels of "beavy" viscous oil in California, and billions more io shallow diatomite forma-

The 1 million to 2 million barrels a day of new production from oil mining that supporters say is possible, is equivalent to President Carter's most optimistic forecast of production from synthetic fuels by 1990.

Not everyone familiar with the oil mining concept is quick to embrace it, bowever, or agrees with the Bureao of Mines studies.

Lee Marchant of the Energy Department's Laramie Energy Research Center is one of the skeptics. He says the opomistic conclusions of the Golder Associates and Energy Development Consultaots studies "have to be considered speculative." Further, Marchant says, the firms bave a "vested interest in generating more studies through their encourging reports.

Uotil an oil mining company actually mines oil oo a commercial scale, Marchant says, ir will be too sooo to accept unequivocally the bureau's economic analysis.

As for the priority the Department of Eoergy assigns to oil mining, Marchant says: "We don't see spending a large portion of oor money on this technology... We feel mining is only applicable to a small perceotage of our total resource."

Conoco, e major oil company that has tried underground oil mining methods on a limited basis oo its Lakota field oear Casper, Wyo., is skeptical.
"If reservoir coodiooos are favorable, we

might try this again," says Aurelio Madrazo, Coooco's bead of North American produc-

Coooco bas been operating a 50-barrela-day underground mining plant for the last three years, draining oil into a 2,000-foot-long horizontal shaft, 180 feet underground, beneath a shallow oil field.

"It's oot something we see as solving the energy crisis," Madrazo says. "Ir is still a very small contribution."

Getty Oil Co., bowever, is moving ahead with its \$ 21 million pilot plant ar its McKittrick field outside Bakersfield. Construction will begin early next year,

Getty spokesman George Schwarz says, and the company expects to be producing 20,000 barrels a day by the late 1980s.
The McKittrick operation, if it works, is an

illustration of oil mining's potential. Discovered in 1896, the McKittrick field produced 15,900 barrels a day at its peak. But by June of this year, production had dropped to 6,000 barrels a day.

Schwarz says Getty is confident that the company will be able to extract oearly 400 million barrels before the field is mined ourbydrocarbon-rich diatomite overlying the field. The 400 million barrels Getty bopes to get amount to ocarly twice the total production from the field during the 80 years it bas

been worked. Most of the oil-soaked diatomite laced through and around the McKittrick field easily can be surface-mined. A few miles away, another company has a surface mining operation to extract diatomite that is free of oil, for use as cat litter.

Getty's pilot plant will produce 150 barrels of oil daily, from 240 tons of surface-mined ore processed at one of two facilities.

The purpose of the test is to determine which of the two methods of separating the oil from the ore is the most profitable. One method will employ a variation of a process devised by the Germans to convert enal tring. The other will use a solvent from Drava, a company that is experienced in extracting

vegetable oil from soybeans. With conventional methods you can't get the oil out, but mining should work.

Schwarz says. Similar plans are under way in Utah to mine and process billions of barrels of oil locked in tar sanos deposits.

Dr. Francis Hansen, of the University of Utah, says that maybe 25 per cent of the state's tar sands can be surface-mined. While no major oil company has announced plans to go ahead, several are exploring it. Hansen

Haosen and other researchers believe it is feasible to construct units that could produce from 50,000 to 150,000 barrels a day by mining the tar sands. They believe the process could yield quality oil that could be sold pro-fitably at \$ 25 a barrel.

"I'm bullish on oil mining," Hansen says, adding, "It is only a year or two away." The nation's largest gasoline retailer, Shell Oil Co., according to oil industry executives, also has plans for mining style operations to recover billions of barrels of oil in the 33,000 acres of Kern County, Calif. fields it bought

from Belridge Oil Co. "There is a widespread belief that Shell has the capability to squeeze oil out of those for- . mations," says Bruce Wilson, an energy anac. The brokerage firm of Smith Barney Harris Upham Co. loc.

"If you have a process with a higher recovery rate, then you have a larger expluitable resource base," Wilson points out.

This could explain why Shell's purchase of Belridge - the largest merger in U.S. history - called for paying almost \$ 9 a barrel for the little-known California producer's known reserves, compared with the \$ 6 a barrel that industry analysts normally figure in transac. oons of this type.

Yet another oil miniog project is taking . shape oear Santa Rosa, N.M. There, James Young, president of American Mining and Exploratioo Co., has obtained the rights to 1,000 acres of tar sands deposits.

Young says his plan to establish a \$ 25 million oil mining operation at the site is 'strictly a private vecture, not requiring state or federal money.

Young anocipates the tar sands should yield some 250 million barrels of oil that will be mined and processed with solvents. He expects e recovery factor of "about 95 per

He is confident that his oil miniog project will prove competitive with oil selling for \$ 18 ... a barrel, ooce his plant is in operadoo.

Carter sees good decade despite curbs

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2 (R) — President Jimmy Carter said Toesday night the 1980s should be a good decade for Americans, despite new limits on energy sources.

"I think it II be a good decade," Carter said in an interview on the televised ABC News program. "I see a natioo with growing strength economically, politically, r and I hope, morally and ethically

Carter said he eovisioned the United States exerting an increasingly beoeficial influeoce oo the rest of the world, but added:

"I'd like to see the American people more unified. I'd like to see them accommodate these rapidly changing circumstances that impose limits on us for the first time.

"We don't any looger have an unlimited reservoir of cheap energy to waste," he said.
"And, in my opinion, that need not cause the American people's quality of life to be reduced."

In another portion of the interview screened Tuesday night Carter accused Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev of oor telling the truth about the Soviet move into

Project Management engineers continued to make advances in ore recovery processes, but that oilmeo still left 40 per cent to 60 per cent of the oil they discovered in the ground, even with so called Hong Kong c. US \$60,000 pa plus benefits One of the world's largest private residential complexes, and he development projects for the 1980's good understanding of town residential complexes, and have a

will be starting soon in Hong Kong. it is to develop and build an integrated new industrial town to house, eventually, up to 500,000 people.

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Swiss F (100)	211.00	215.00	214.50
Freoch F (100)	84.00	84.2.5	84,25
Italian Lira (10,000)	42.00	42,25	42.25
Lebanese Lira (100)		103.75	103.65.
Syrian Lira (100)		78,25	86.85
Egyptiao Pouod		4.54	4.50
Kuwaiti Dinar		12,40	12.38
Jordanian Dinar		11,46	11.48
Emirates Dirham (100)		89.60	89.60
Qatari Riyal (100)		89.50	89.50
Bahraini Dipar		8.95	g.95
Iranian Riyal (100)		26.00	_
Iraqi Dinar (100)		10.00	_
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Gold kg.		61,300.00	_
10 Tolas bar		7,160.00	
Silver kg.		_	_
Japanese Yeo (1,000)	14.41	— '	-
Canadian Dollar	2,88	_	_
Belgian Fraoc (1,000)	120.00	122.00	_
Dutch Guilder (1,000)	177.00	178.50	178.50
Spanish Peso		52.00	52.00
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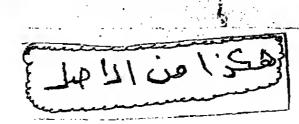
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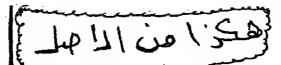
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ļ		Futami Maru	Alireza	Containers/Genaral	31-12-79
	8	Kota Dewa	O.C.E.	Ganaral	30-12-79
	10	Saudi Prince	Ocean T.	Flour/General	29-12-79
	12	East Port	A.E.T.	Vehicles	01-01-80
	14	Chrysoulandou Dyo	SSMSC	Meize/Sorghum	29-12-79
	15	Sultan	Abushal	Durra/Malonsaad	31-12-79
ļ	19'	La Costa	Alsabeh	Bulk Cement	31-12-79
	20	Union Beltimore	O.C.E.	Ldg. Machy. & MT Contrs.	31-12-79
	22	Atalaya	MT.A.	Contrs/Timber/General	01-01-80
ı	23	Eugenie V	Elhawi	TimberPPlywood/Gen.	30-12-79
	24	Khalli Star	O.C.E.	Reefer	24-12-79
	27	Frigo King	Elhawi	Reefer	28-12-79
	28	Monsone Universal	Star	Reefer	23-12-79
	29	Poler Argentina	O.C.E.	Reefer	01-01-80
	30	Saronie Reefer	Alsabeh	Reefer	20-12-79
	38	Amat	Beaboud	genaral	26-12-79
,	.39	Climax Pearl	Ocean T.	General	01-01-78
	40	Panaghie Lourion	Alphe	Berley	24-12-79
	41	Brazen Eagle	Star	Barley/Ganeral/Rice	30-12-79
	42	Anangel Peace	Orri	Barley	22-12-79
	Lash	Green Herbour	Kanoo	Barges Flour/Oil	01-01-80
	Ro Ro	Lina V	Orri	Ldg. M-Ts	30-12-79
	Ro Ro	Bruni	Roleco	Ro Ro Units	01-01-80
	2	RECENT ARRIVALS			
		Sam Houstan	A.E.T.	General	01-01-80
	l	Ocean Esparance	<i>A</i> .E.T.	Containers	01-01-80
ĺ		Atalaya	M.T.A.	Containers/Timber/Gen.	01-01-80
	•	Climax Pearl	O.Trade	general	01-01-80
	l	Polar Argentina	O.C.E.	Bananas	01-01-80
		Anubis	O.C.E.	Citrua Fruit	01-01-80
		Tevega	A.E.T.	Apples	01-01-80
		East Port	A.E.T.	Vehicles	01-01-80
ı		Sam Houstan	A.E.T.	General	01-01-80
		Green Harbour	Калоо	Ganeral	01-01 -8 0
		Pittsburgh	Rezavet	Loading Mty Ctrs.	01-01-80
		Bruni	Rolaco	Ro Ro Units	01-01-80
		Diuly			

KING ABDUL AZIZ PORT, DAMMAM

80 — CHANGES	
HOURS TS CARGO CARGO	ARRIVAL 01-01-80 25-12-79 01-01-80 30-12-79 01-01-80 30-12-79 29-12-79 23-12-79 01-01-80 01-01-80 19-12-79
	HOURS TS CARGO of General/Coms A. Loading Urea General General General General Gen/Reefer Loading Pipes Bulk Cement Gen/Conts/Cement





LONDON

Tate & Lyle
Tesco
Tilling
Trafalgar House

Thorn Elect
Trust Home Forte
Tube Investments
Fulleter
Fulleter
United Biscults
Victory

\kkers \hectock \larden

NEW YORK

AMF inc. ARA SVC

ASA
Aetna Life & Cass
Alean Aluminium
Aliepheny Power
Allied Chemical
Alied Stores
Alies Chalmers
Alies Chalmers

Alrea
Arnex Inc.
Arnex Inc.
Arner Airlines
Arner Brands
Arner Brands

Amer. Broadcast 39%
Amer. Can. 35°2
Amer. Cyanamid 34%
Amer. Elec. Pow. 17%
Amer. Home Prod. 27%
Amer. Home Prod. 31°3
Amer. Nat. Res. 47%
Amer. Nat. Res. 47%
Amer. Tel. & Tel. 52%
Amper. Tel. & Tel. 99%
Armeo Inc. 33%
Ashizand Oil 40%
Avan Corp. 28%
Avan Products 99%

Bell & Howell Bendis
Benguet Cons 'B'
Bethiehem Steel
Binck & Decker

Boeing Co.
Boine Cescade
Borden
Borg Warter
Bristol Myers
Brist Pel, ADR

Brunswick
Bucyros Eric
Burlington Ind.
Burlington Niha.

17800 707.00 228.00 29580 34750 170.00 1440 1830 660.00 93190 105.00 639.00

نيويورك

Occidental Petrol Orden Corp. Olin Corp. Owens Illinols

Owens (limals
PPG Ind.
PPG Ind.
Pacific Gas & El
Pacific Gas & El
Pacific Lighting
Pan Am World Air
Prantey I, C.
Peranzoli Co.
Pepai Co.
Place
Phelps Dodge
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Philips Remes
Pinnton Co.
Pinn Research
Polaroid
Procter Gamble
Pab. Serve Elect.
Pullman

RC \ Carp.....

27% 35% 18 20%

25%

667,00 93,186 106,50 5806 109,1.00 632.00

میلانو × MILAN

Interested in Business Development in Saudi Arabia

saudi business

- This Week read about :
- Funding the Government's Effort
- Saving OPEC from Itself

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arab news

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Arabian Bulk Trade Ltd.

Al Khobar : Tel. 8645351-8644848 P.O. Box 345 Dhehfan Airport Telex: 601396 XENEL SJ. Riyadh: Tel. 4789323

سعار المملات العولية

Exchange Rates for the IMF's SDR

	Sum.	o II	onal S	ho	
		ICCLI.	onai S	HA	II C
AMSTERDAM	ام	اعسترد	Petroliua	55-80 1126	5530 1144
			Soc. Len. Belgique	1630 3395	1605 3290
	Clark	Cloring	Solvay ' l'	2450 7.88	2510 7.30
PT 11 14.		Dec. 20 te Fb.	\ eille \lontagse	1326	1,340
CF Holding	73.00 77.00	73.88 77.80	FRANKFURT		ق لتكف
MEV (FI. 10)	99 <u>.</u> 50 94,80	98.10 92.30		·	J. J.
ok	64.00 102.96	65. 8 0 162.50		Closing Dec. 28	Closing Dec. 21
redero VII priurumon Tetterode	215.00	212.00			BM.
alzod Holding	57,50 27,30	57,70 27,50	\FC	35.50	36.50
herier-VIN (F1.29	244.00 133.50	243.50 I.M.00	Altianz Cersich BNW	194.m) 100.00	-65,0 6 164-80
okker	22.50 29.10	22.60 28.70	8 USF	1.38.60 125.00	139.30 125.00
ist Brocades (FLIO).	32.00	32.70	Rayer, Hypo, Bank	24.00	2,46.00
apezneijer ,	36.10 69,00	36.60 69.50	Bayer, Vereinshk	264.50 249.00	272.00 294.50
,0.G	X4,50 22,50	85.50 22.00	l, ommerzhank	180.50 45.50	180.00 45.50
Nº	27.50	27.00	Daimler Benz	243.00	248.50
sarden Eddenstandbaok	15.00 245.50	15.30 246,50	Degussa Demag	232.50 132.00	235.00 1,30.00
ce VD Grintea	126.60 10.00	127,60	Deutsche Bank	256_50 255.00	257,80 254,50
duhaed (F1.2h)	\$1.00	51.80	Dub-Schultheby	141.00	169.00
ijo Sch Ver (F1.100) NF-Stock	.%.00 38.00	36,50 35,80	Dresdner Bunk	161,00 00,1a1	191.50 162.00
N	93,20	92.00	Gutchoffnung	1951.50 78.00	198.26 76.00
kas	23.40	23.10	Huchtiel	390.00	,385.00
RN Bank	,115,50 65,20	313.50 65. 9 0	Huestist	35.90	35.00
eli	85,50 72,50	85.50 72.10	Holymann	350.00 121.50	350.00 121.50
ongovens NSM Group	20.68	20,60	Kali sod Salz Karstadi	142.00 245.00	144.50 247.00
LM	103.50 73.60	102.70 73.80	Kaufbuf	182.50	180.00
etNed etlloyd Groep	119,30 75,00	19.00 75.00	KIID Klueckner Werke	30J.00 64.50	204.50 64.50
mrren	2.36,50	238.00	Krupp-Huettr Linde	68.10 297.00	65.00 297.50
abeco	20.00 166,00	20.40 —	Luncabrua (III)	1,440	1.440
demen	105. 00 142.64	_	Lufthansa	78.00 18J. 9 0	77.00 184.60
oral Datch	106.70	-	Manuesmann Metallgesellschaft	125,20 253,01	125.00 257.00
Dilever	114,40	_	Munchener Ruck	570.00	\$75,00
EDVICE D		1.8.	Neckermann	154,50	12].50 155,60
BRUSSELS		بروكمل	Rhein West Liter,	186.00 250.00	1311.80 242.00
	1 lesup	I being	Sehering	202.00	205,00
	h v . 25 Year	Dec. 21 e Ers.	Skilleds	258.50	212.00 258.30
rned ir Br Latchert	2115	2470 1640	Sud/acker	2.48,00 81, 20	251.00 80,60
akrrill	114	1,01	Thysen Industrie	161.00 161.00	65.00
RIS	2415 2140	21/40 2415	Varia	141.00	J62.00 J42.00
eratri	994 2***********************************	940 2045	Ver. Elek. Week	117., 30 193,101	184,00
		•			
BOND INFO)RMA	TION	ندات	السر	انباء
SCHEDULED EL	DOBON	erve:	7-	قيد الطر	سندات

ndwate manager and offering date where available. Coupons and yields are on an anoual EURODOLLAR BONDS

Foregran Coal and Steel Community, 40 million dollars, due 15 January 1988, 11.5%, Securities Co., 6 Jun. EURUMARK BONDS Denmark, 100 million marks, due 1 Feb. 1986 (non-cultable bullet), 7,875% at par and 100

million marks, due 1 Feb. 1912, 8,25% at par, Purchase Fund starting 1980 gives potential average life of 9,2 years, first call at 102 in 1987, Westdeutsche Landesbank. TITRER ET RUBOND ISSUES 1BM France S.A. 120 million French francs, due January 1985, 11.875% at 99.5 to yield

about 12.01%, Barque Nationale de Paris.

The Valume of wheduled Furobond offerings totals about the equivalent of 156 million dollars compared with 90 million dollars a week earlier. FOREIGN ISSUES

World Bank, I hillion Austrian schillings, due January 1990, 8.0%. Creditanstalt-World Bank, 30 hilhon yen, due January 1995, 8:20% semi-annually at 99.75 to yield 8.49 / annually, Nikko Securius Cu.
Forogram Investment Bank, 150 million dollars, due 1 Jan. 1987, call protection to 1986, 199 million dollars, due 1 Jan. 2000, call protection to 1997. First Boston Curo.

100 million dullars, due 1 Jan. 2000, vall protection to 1997. Flest Boston Corp.

100 million dullars, due 1 Jan. 2000, vall protection to 1997. Flest Boston Corp.

100 million Markets Stock exchanges with the deced on Ive. 25 and Ive. 26 and on Jan. 1.

1 marks stock exchanges will be closed on Ive. 25 and Ive. 28 and on Jan. 1.

1 million Markets hanks and bostoneses will be thosed on Ive. 23. 25 and 31 and on Jan. 1.

1 million Markets hanks and bostoneses will be the 24. 25 and 31 and on Jan. 1.

1 lindy. Markets hanks and bostoneses will be the 23. 25 and 31 and on Jan. 1.

1 lindy. Markets hanks and bostoneses will be the 23. 25 and 31 and on Jan. 1.

1 lindy. Markets hanks and bostoneses will be closed on Dec. 25. 26 and 31 and on Jan. 1.

1 lindy Markets will be closed on Ive. 24, and the stock market will be closed on Dec. 31.

1 Register Markets, hanks and hearneses will be closed on Dec. 25 and 26 and on Jan. 1. The stock market will be closed on Ive. 30.

1 million will be closed on Ive. 32 and 30 and on Jan. 1.

1 million will be closed on Ive. 25 and 30 and on Jan. 1.

1 million will be closed on Ive. 25 and 31.

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Tastralia. The sydnes stock exchange and wind exchange will be closed on Dec. 25, 26 and 31 indon Jan. 1. Hong loang. The dock exchange, gold market and banks will be closed on Dec. 25 and 26 and 20 and on Jan. 1. Sungapore: Markets, hanks and basiness will be closed on Dec. 25 and on Jan. 1. Walshing in markets will be closed on Dec. 25 and on Jan. 1. Rubber markets will be closed on Dec. 24, 25 and 20 and on Jan. 2.

U.S. GOVT, NOTES	k BONDS	السندات الحكومية الإسركية		
December 28	Fractions and change	s ju 32nds		
Netes	Bid	Asked	Change	
10°s, September 1981	98.2	93.10	Į°P4	
9' 1982	V6.22	96_30	[P2	
de February 1983	92.22	92.30	L'P6	
9'45 September 1'85	97,20	97.28	UP4	
	58,10	88.18	L.B.8	
Ss August 1986 Sha November 1988	91.28	91.4	UP 14	
Bestda				
4"in August 1967-92	77.16	78.16	UNUH	
16 to November 1994	48.10	48.26	f.b 10	
5 % August 2003-2008	84.2	×4.18	f:b-1	
8143 November 2007-2008	57.5	X7,24	LP4	
9'ss May 2004-2009	90.30	91.14	CP Iu	
KEWAITI DENAR BO	ND MARKET		السندات الكويتيا	

Kewail -- (AP-HI; -- The Kuwaiti Dinar Bond Market had another inactive week with very thin I rading, the Arab Cumpany for Trading Securities (ACTS) reports.

Short-term rates went up by I point since the beginning of this week. Small selling was seen that to the fact that some inclinations were trying to affluid some of their bond positions prior

KUWAITI DINAR BOND MARKET

to vear-end.

Ltd

Recent Kawait Dinar Bond Issue

Rec	cul Kawan D	INST IMING INDE	
lour .	1, oupon	Majority	Price
SEATSwedon Rangue Naturnale de Paris C.C.C.E. Heatres L.H. (Moroccos Credit Lyannais Indonesia (Rep. of) L.V.O. Power Co.	5 7 8 8 8 8	1,141,89 15,06,89 15,09,94 15,08,89 15,10,37 15,07,36,91 15,09,89	45—95'; 95—95'; 93—93'; 92';—92'; 95';—96 93';—94 93';—94

Kuwaiti Dinar Negotiable Bank Certificates of Deposit

3 months 11% hid ● 6 months 11% hid ● 12 months 11% bid

2350	OHOICY I	HTERKET	RATES	يروبية	للعملات الإر	بسعتر فوائد
December 28	1 > Pollo	Arches	W Lerozon Wari	Duirb Luider	hrum.	j resk û
pli lec month lest months it counts lee test	12—121 - 145 ₀ ~ 145 ₀ 145—15 145 ₂ ~ 145 ₀ 135 ~ 135 ₀	a a a	*''' 2	12 's 12' s 12' s 13' s 12' s 13' s 11' s 12' s 10' s 10' s		

Condon Engigication (tre-right 1) --- 11'to: "days fixed 14'to- 14's, and stooth 1800 (days) fixed 14'to 14's, and stooth 14'to 14'to 1800 (days) fixed to 14'to 14'to 1800 (days) fixed to 1800 (days

7 00		PAA	V	A			Cem
Intern	atio	onal Fi	nai	nce	9		Arabian Bulk Al Khobar; Tel. 86 453 P.O. Box 345 Dhahlan Airport
urse. Con	nmodi	ities, Mon	ey a	and I	Exchange Ra	tes	Riyadh: Tel. 471
	2		N			11	EXCHANGE RATES
	26	Rapid American	22	21%	City Development L.U	1.42	U.S. \$
Campbell Soup	52% 52% 51% 51% 61 60% 30% 30%	Raytheon Republic Steel Revion Reynolds Lad.	66% 244 454	66% 24 46% 34	Cold Storage 2.63 Cods. Plants	2.55 (NT) 5.05 6.05	London Interbank Dollar Exchange Rates as quoted by Bank of America IFC
Castle Cke Caterpillar Tracts Celanese Corpn.	33 3314 144 144 544 5414 46 46	Reynolds Metals Rockwell Inter Royal Dutch Ryder System	32% 46% 77%	32% 47% 78% 24%	Haw Par Bros. 1.86 Inchespe 2.23 Land R.G. INTL Jarding Varheson INTL	1.78 2.17 (ST)	Dec. 28 Dec. 27
Central & S.W Cent. Soya Certainteed Champion Inter	13% 14% 13% 14 14% 14% 23% 23%	SCM CorpSafeway StoresSt. Regis PaperStants Fe Inds.	21 34% 30%	22% 34½ 30% 52%	Nampas	(NT) J.66 0.10 (NT)	Italy 804.40 811.05 France 4.02.77 4.06.05 W. Germany 1.73.42 1.73.60 Netherlands 1.8992 1.7190
Chese Manhattan Chemical Bk. N.Y. Chessie System Chrysler	38% 38% 35% 36% 30% 38% 7% 6%	Santa Fe Intil Schering Pigh Schittz Brewing Schiumberger	30'4 8%	52% 30% 8% 94%	N. Borneo Timber	(NT) 6.15 (NT) 7.10	Belgian C 27,995 28,280 Belgian F 28,775 29,160 Detmark 5,1737 5,3837 Norway 4,27801 5,1000
Citicorp Citicorp Citicorp Citicorp Citicorp Citicorp Clark Equipment Clark Peabody	28'4 28'4 23'5 23'5 84'5 84'6 37 38 94 9'2	Schalanderger Scott Paper Seabrd Coast L. Seagram Co. Searle (G. D.)	18% 29% 40%	10% 29½ 40%	Rothman (NT) Setron (NT) Sime Durby Hdgs J.54 Singagore Land 2.33	1N11 1NT1 1NT1 2.30	Sweden 4,1510 4,1907 Japan 240,25 238,45 Mastria 12,4175 12,5325 Canada 1,1729 0.8516
Cat St Gas	364 35% 35 34% 14% 14% 37% 37%	Sears Roebuck	18 ¹ 4 54 1 4	18 5414 3014 3934	Strafe 7.75	7,70 (NS) (NI) 6,35	\text{Nustralia} \
Combastion Engr C'm'w'th Edfon	36% 34% 59 59% 20% 20 38 37%	Singer Sony Corp. Southern Cal. Ed. Southern Pacific	9% 7% 25%	94 74 244 34	Tronoh 10.30 LALS A.So W#Earn Jacks Co. (N1)	1.72	الجنيه (STERLING) الجنيه Closing Spot Sterling Rates at London
Conoco Inc	46% 47% 24% 34% 25% 25% 41% 40%	Southern Railway Sperry Rand Corp. Squibb Corp. Shandard Brands	53% 50 38	54 50% 37% 26%	TOKYO	Clusing	December 21 USA
Consumer Power	19% 19% 28% 28% 28% 29 54% 54	Std. Off California Std. Off Indiana Std. Off Ohio Sterling Drug	56 78% 87%	56% 78% 88 20%	Asahi Elec, Chem	Dec. 24 e- \ en 158 208	Switzerland 3.5500-3.5500 W. Germany 3.8065-3.8115 France 0.9215-8.9415 Netherlands 4.2060-4.2100
Corning Glass Crane Co Crocker Nat. Crown Zellerbach	57% 56 32% 32% 29 28% 41% 42%	Stevens JP	16 69% 17%	14 78 17% 16%	Banya Pharm. 390 Cunon Camera 678 Dailetti kangyo Bank 357 Daiwa House 276	583 660 357 280	Belgian C 61.95-62.05 Belgian F 64.00-64.15 Sweden 9.1900-9.2100
Curtise Wright Dert Industries Deere Co. Delta Air	2014 20% 40 3914 38% 39 39% 39%	T.R.W. Inc. Teledyne Tezzeco	38% 138 38%	38% 136% 39	Fuji Photo Film S80 Fujitsa 51,3 Hitachi 267 Ukegai 284	540 -187 269 267	Denmark
Deltec Int	7% 7% 12% 12% 32% 32% 45% 45%	Texas Eastern Corp. Texas Instrut. Texas Utilities	67 874 174	2914 663- 871- 174	C. lioh	49년 2세 895 [일]	Portugal
Dr Pepper Dow Chemical Dresser to Dupont	12% 11% 32% 32% 51% 52% 40% 40%	Texas Gulf	26 46% 19%	35% 26% 47 19	Komatso 355 Kobota 961 Matsashita Elec 728 Misubishi Chemical 186	354 360 715 185	المارك DM
Dake Pow. Eastern Airlines Eastman Kodak Eaton Corp.	17% 17% 8% 0 48% 48% 26 26	Timken Co. Trans Wid Corp Travellers 20th Century Fox	50% 6% 38%	515 165 38 445	Mitsubishi Electric 200 Mitsubishi Hvy Ind. 181 Mitsui Co. 300 Mitsumi Electric 541	197 181 336 540	Dec. 28 Dec. 21 USA
EI Paso Co. Emerson Electric Emery Air Freight Equity Life	2]% 22% 35% 34% 16% 16% 14% 14%	U.A.L. Inc UV Industries Unilever NV	23 28 60%	22% 28% 60%	Nippon Electric 428 Nippon Dil 1698 Nippon Steel 119 Nissan Motor 7,37	421 1760 119 716	Britain 3.8450 3.8210 Jeriand 3.7060 3.6920 Canada 1.4685 1.4823 Scherkands 90.550 90.650
Esmark Evans Prod. Exam Exam Farah Mfg.	284 2817 2214 22 5514 5514 415 414	Union Camp. Union Carbide Union Oil California Union Pacific Corp	41% 45% 72	42 41 % 45% 72%	Fioneer 1990 Ricoh 655 Sharp 660	58) 650 [940	Switzerland 108.220 108.450
Feders Federal Dept, Stores Firestone Tire First Chart	3% 3% 27% 27% 9% 8% 17% 18	Uniroyal Crited Brands US Gypsom US Indust.	31% 8%	4'ያ 	Shiseida	966 1740 127 537	Norway 34,980 44,790 8weden 41,540 41,600 141,540 2,130
First Chicago Corp. First Nat. Baston First Penna Florida Power & Lt.	15% 15% 28% 28% 8% 9 24% 24%	US Steel	23.7	17'4 33% 43'4 18'4	Teljim 135 Tokyu Marine Fire 676 Toray Indus 210 Toshiba Fiec 141	138 652 215 184	Spain 2,609 2,621 Portugal 1,468 1,496 Jupan 0,7185 0,7320
Ford Motor Freeport Mineral Fruchant Corp GAF Corp	324 324 634 645 281 284 104 105	Wachovia Corp	30% 49% 19%	30% 49 20 27	Tota 441 Taya Kogya 463 Fayota 833	441 462 875	Figland
GATX Corp. Pf. Gamble Skog Gen. Dynamics Gen. Electrics	35 ¹ 1 36 ¹ 4 32 31 ¹ 4 58 ¹ 4 59 ¹ 4 59 ¹ 4 50 ¹ 4	Wells-Fargo Western Bancorp Western Union Westinghouse Elect	32% 21'3 19%	31% 21'7 19% 31%	SYDNEY	Closing	COMMODITIES
General Foods General Instruments General Mills General Motors Gest Pub. Ctil	33% 34 48% 39% 25 24% 51% 50%	Weverhouser Whiripool White Motor Winn-Dixe Str. Woolworth	185 6 274	19% 5% 27% 25	Dec. 23 Price Als ACI 2.35	Dec. 28 s. Dollars 2.46	London Commodity and Metal Exchange
Gen. Tel. & Elect General Tire Genesco Inc Georgia Pacific	26-1 26-7 21 20-7 28-1 28-7	Wyly Corp Xerox Corp Zapata Corp.	6 61%	6 624 285	AGC	1.41 7.50 1NT) 1.09tb	Closing Prices
Getty Oil Gillette Goodrich B. F. Goodyear Tire	734 734 264 264 194 184 124 124	DOW , 10.30 CLOS	IONES ING	STOCK	Ampol Ex. 2.22 ANI 1.82 Ansett 2.20 ANZ Bank 4.84	2.22 1.80 2.29 4,10	Pounds Sterling per metric ton Jescept Silver
Gould Inc. Grace W.R. Co. Gt. Atlantic Pac. Tca. Greybound Grunnan Corp.	22% 23% 40 40 0% 8% 14% 14% 22% 22%				Associated Min	2.40 INTO 2.78 4.15	ALUMINIUM المنيوم
Gulf & Western Gulf Oil Reinz H. J	17% 18% 35% 34% 40 40%	15 Utilities 107.8 65 Stocks 298.8	DN 0.57	or 0.53%	BHP	11.29 2.60 7.29	Dec. 20 Dec. 21 Clasing Uosing € per tonne Cash 870-475 So.5—800
Hercules Hewlett Packard Hilton Hotel Holiday Inns Homestake Mn.	10% 20% 58% 59% 31% 31% 10% 18% 48% 40%	PARIS	Ulesing Dec. 21	Chising Dec. 28	Carp Wr	L68 (NT) (NT) 5.00	Three mantles \$40-841 845-846 Sales 750 tons 4,900 tons Market firmer
Honeywell	83 83 181: 181: 244 241:	Air Liquide	499,66 62,00 429,60	493,00 493,00 62,40 427,00 132,80	Coles	1.95 3.95 6.10 4.95	تحاس COPPER
1.C. Industries IV International Inco Ltd. lugersoll Rand Inland Steel	25% 24% 11% 11% 23% 23% 51% 51% 31% 31%	Beginn-bay Bonygue 857-Liero and Dantone L'arrefour	578.01 903.01 1651	543,00 883,00 1592	CSR 4.65 Cudgen INTI Daniop 9.82 EGM 2.15	4.82 1.49 0.82 2.15	Eper tonne Wirebers Cash
IBM	64% 64 20°1 19°4 39% 39% 57°1	Casino CEM Chlers Chim. Routiere	52.05 13.00 138.00	1435 52.00 14.70 138.00	EZ Industries 5.00 Fairfex 1.32 Grace Bros	5.10 1.30 2.00 3.32	Sales 6,000 tons 16,000 tons \[\text{larker irregular} \] Cathodes
lati. Paper lati. Tel. & Trl	37° 36° 25°: 25° 34° 34° 29° 29°	Club Med	,468,50 ,465,00 3,39,50)1148 350.28 344.00 336.00	Hankley 1.87 Hooker 0.84 Kathleen 6.00 Lend Lease 2.85	1.87 0.85 6.00 2.85	Cash
Jewel Cos	26's 26'4 34'4 24'6 79'6 70'6 9'8 9'8	CCF	139.91 434.01 1375	175.00 1.9.50 429.50 1.20	Magellan (NT) Magellan 0.83 Metals Ex. 0.80 MIM 3.75	3.60 0.80 0.00 4.12	LEAD رصاص
	30% 30% 23% 23% 19 19% 10 9%	Ferudo Fin. Paribas Fr. Petroks	335.00 225.00 256.40	278.00 320.50 232.00 248.00	Mt Lyuli	1.15 1.57 2.78 1.09	\$ per torne: Cash
Kellogg Co Kennecott Kerr McGee Kluberley Clark	19 18% 29% 30% 65 67% 41 41	Vialeries Lalayette Hachette Imetal J. Burel	114.00 62.51 191.50	153.20 186.00 62.50 117.00	Nth. BH 2.80 Cakbridge 3.78 Oil Search 0.21 Pancoatinental 6.40	1.95 3.75 0.24 6.00	Market burdy steady post firm
	474 47'4 18'1 10'4 8'4 8'4 23 23	Kleher Colombes Lafurge Legrand Localizance	1363 195,00	76.26 250.56 1334 197.00	Peko-Wallsend 7.74 Phillip Morris (NT) Pioneer Concrete 1.86 Queensland Mines 6.10	R.40. INTI 1,90 6,50	E per tunne Cash
Ligget Group Litton Industries Lockheed Aircraft	23% 34% 38% 38% 42% 42 31% 33% 28% 29	('t real Machines Bull Met. Normandie Michelin	65.10 44.50 877	635.00 64.10vd 47.00 Xen 501.00	Resison 15.50 Repco 1.16 Robe INT) Santos 7.90	INT) 1.15 1.15 7.40	Sales
Louisians Land Exp Lucky Stores	46% 47% 15% 15% 53 53	Modines Mumm Nobel-Bazel	85,118 499,00 52,50	79.60 470.60 50.80 54.00	Seltrust INT H.C. Sleigh 1.11 Southern 13.00 Southland 0.24	1.90 1.10 12.50 0.24	Pence per truy utiner Cash
Mapco Marathon Öll Marine Midland	31 31 31 4 36½ 36½ 48% 48%	Nord-Est	170.00 96.00 274.80	164,50 93,78 267,60	Stocks and Holdings 5.24 Swan Brewery 1.75 Theiss 6.84	5.10 1.80 7.60	Sides 10 warrants 110 warrants Starket steady
Matsushita	18% 10% 44% 46% 25% 25½ 30½ NA 7% 7%	Perrier Pergeot Citruen Poctain Pricel	283.00 228.60	272.00 265.00 219.00 231.90	TNT 1.80 Tooheys 1.92 Teath 1.95 Utah 3.85	1.83 2.00 1.94 3.70	Eper tonne
Mattel Inc. McDonalds McDonnell Doug. McGraw Hall	43% 43% 35% 35% 28% 28% 24% 33%	Printemp Rudur Radiotech Raff, (Cie. Feet	\$2\$.00 J25.00	93,90 549,00 301,50 175,00	Waltons 0.63 Weeks (NT) Westfield (NT) WMC 3.40	0.66 7.00 3.60 3.50	Standard 7620-7630 7750-7760 Three months 7330-7340 7350-7360 Sales 350 toris 600 toris
Mend Corp	17% 174 73% 73% 21% 21% 12% 13	Reducte a Rouhaix Rhone l'auteur Rouveel-LCLAF	4,40.00 135.00 230.00	433.00 135.00 226.00 22.50	Woodside Petroleum 2.28 Woodworths 1.37	2.22 1.40	Vlarket steady High Grade Cash 7620-7630 7550-7560
Mobii Corp	49° 50° 55° 55° 55° 44 43° 44	Sacilor	756.00 131.50 134.00	705.60 129.66 121.60 ,80.00	ZURICA Closing	زوريخ Closing Dec. 28	Three munities 7,340-7,801 Three munities Nil tons Nil tons Market kile
Morgan J. P Motorola NCR Corp	46 46% 51% 51% 68% 68%	Schwider Skis Rassignal Sugerup	157.80 11.20 188.10	157,00 1080 107,70xd	Price Sw Musulwe	in Frs. 1150 1700 2470	ZINC J
NL Industries Nabisco In. National Can.	344 354 22 22 324 334 235 235	Sommer Succ Thomson-Brandt	318,10 273.00 195.40	325.00 274.00 198.00 149.50	Ciba licigy (Bearer) 1225 Ciba locigy (Non-soting) 955 Columbus 655	1235 975 655	t per tonne Cash
National Newmont	29% 29% 26% 26% 30% 30% 36% 38%	Leitter	13.35 103.50	13.20 107.00	Credit Suisse 2290 Electrowall 2100 Fischer (Lieurge) 745 Jelmoli (Fr.100) 1375	2295 2180 755 1480	Sales 1,400 tors 3,800 tors Variety steady
Norfolk & Western Nithwest Airlines Nithwest Bancorp Norton Simon	27% 27% 28% 28 25% 25% 16% 16	B \\F Exan Goldfields laco	227.00	320,00 224,60 34,20 92,30	Landis Toyr (Reg) 14.31 Vesile (Bearer) 3415 Sandoz (Bearer) 4080 Sulter (Reg) 2780	14,46 3410 4090 2750	Capital International Stock Market Indices
Ogden Corp	27% 37% 35% 34% 18 18%	Sestle	8750	X760 559.00 761.60	Subsettir (Bearer) 780 Subsettir (Bearer) 403 Subsettir (Bearer) 405	77X 404 Učna	Norld 114.7 114.7 1 P 1.2 Europe 102.0 102.0 PN 1.2

Exon
Goldfields
Jaco
Seste
Norsk-Hydru
Petrofina

 Nextle
 8750

 Norskillydru
 607.00

 Petrofina
 772.00

 Philips
 42.90

 Pres. Brand
 120.50

 Royal Dutch
 318.30

 RTZ
 28.50

 Siences
 603.00

 Sony
 29.85

 Unilever
 240.00

SINGAPORE

Britain	US Dollar 1.31830 Australian Dollar 1.19034 Austrain Schilling 16.3258 Belgian Franc 17.8893 Carnadian Dollar 1.54597 Deutsche Mark 2.27143 French Franc 5.29957 Irandan Rial 92.9072 Italian Lira 1060.24 Japanese Ven 316.128 Dutch Guilder 2.50609 Norwegian Krone 6.51636 Pound Sterling 0.591166 Saudi Arabian Riyad 4.43608 Spanish Peseta 87.2042 Swedish Kroner 5.46633 Danish Krone 7.04961 Ecuadorean Sucre 32.9575 Indonesian Rupiah 823.267 Kuwaiti Dinar UNAV Singapore Dollar 2.84951 South African Rand 1.08996 Swiss Franc 2.10401 U.A.E. Dirhum 4.98449 Venezuelan Bollvar 5.65870
USA 2.2020-2.2040 Cazada 2.5735-2.5775 Switzerland 3.5200-3.5300	THE ECU
W. Germany 3.8065-3.8115 France 0.9215-8.9415 Netherlands 4.2060-4.2100	Exchange Rates for the l Official Brussels Fixing
Belgian C 61.95-62.05 Belgian F 64.00-64.15 Swedmark 9.1900-9.2100 Denmark 11.8130-11.8280	Decemb FB/Lux Con 40.24
Norway	Deutsche Mark 2.483 Dutch Guilder 2.738 Pound Sterfing 0.6491
Portugal 109.30-109.70 Austria 27.48-27.58 Japan 521.50-523.50	Danish Krone 7.672 French Franc 5.815 Italian Liva 1156
treland	Irish Pound
Male DM	Spanish Peseta 94.78 Swedish Krona 5.972 Norwegian Krone 7.139 Canadian Dollar 1.674
Dec. 28 Dec. 21 LSA	Portuguese Escudo 71.12 Austrian Schilling 17.87 Finnish Markka 5.319
Britain 3.8450 3.8210 reland 3.7660 3.6920 Canada 1.4685 1.4525 Setherlands 90.650 90.650	Japanese Yen 340.8 Greek Drachma 54.49
Netherlands 90,550 90,650 90,650 90,650 90,650 90,45	GOLD
Denmark 32,200 32,465 Norway 34,980 34,790 54,790 58,660 41,540 41,600	Closing Gold Prices (in US Dollars per troy of
Unit	Dec. 21 London 477.50
Portugal J.406 J.406 Jupan 0.7185 0.7320 Finkand 46.50 36.64	Paris
COMMODITIES	ار السلع والمعادن
London Commodity and Metal Exchange	COCOA
Closing Prices	Dec. 21 Closing: £ per tonn December 1476—1475 14
Pounds Sterling per metrie ton jescept Silveri	March
ALUMINIUM ILI	September 15341529 15 December 15681540 15 March 15701550 13 Total volume: 696 lots of ten tot
Dec. 20 Dec. 21	ROBUSTA COFFEE
Clusing Uosing Uper tours Cash	£ per tono
G141.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.	January 1773— 1772 11 March 1660—1653 11
Three manths \$40.841 845.846 Soles 750 tons 4,900 tons Market firmer	March
Three muntles	May
Three manths \$40-841 \$45-846 Sales	March
Sales	March 1640 1653 May 1640 1637 May 1640 1637 May 1623 1628 1628 1628 1617 Movember 1620 1617 Movember 1692 1599 January 1615 1580 May M
Sales	March
Sales Sale	March
Sales Sale	March 1640 1653 1649 1637 1649 1637 1637 1637 1637 1637 1637 1638 1638 1638 1629 1637 1638 1629 1638 1620 1617 1615 1580 1615 1580 1615 1580 1615 1580 1615 1580 1615 1580 1615 1580 1615 1580 1615
Three months	March
Sales Sale	March
Three months	March
Sales	March
COPPER	March
Sales Sale	March
Three months	March
COPPER	March
Sales	March
Sales	March
COPPER	March

المراجعة والمراجعة والمستقل والمراجعة والمراجعة والمنافقة والمراجعة والمراجعة والمستقل والمستوان والمراجع

143.6 247.2 169.7 84.8 115.8 94.9 49.3

11) NASE - CE ESE. Index converted to 1 Jan 1979 Base Base 1 Jan 1970 equals 100

IN 1.9 IN 0.1 UP 0.4 UP 2.8

DN 1.2 IN J.1 UP 1.8 UP 2.3 UP 0.4

83.4 53.5 110.7 97.7 273.5 123.8

NOTES

STOCKS

INT: = Not Traded, St. SP = Suspended, UNAV = Unavailable, va = Evall, w = Evariplesue, vd = Ex divided, vr = Ex rights.

RONDS

from source.

Knowsit Bond Market and recent Knownii Dinar

Sudoz (Rearer)
Sudoz (Reg)
Sulvair (Bearer)
Sulvair (Bearer)
Sulva Bank Curp.
Sulva Bank Curp.

BASLE

J. J.J. 60

29,30 598,80 34,40 241,10

سنغقورة

Chring Closing (Sec. 28 Dec. 24 Price Singapore 5 2-49 2-44 3.32 (NT) 0.45 0.47°; (NT) (NT) 3.14 3.12

oled by		Dec. 28 Dec. 27
Dec. 21 2,2000	Australian Dollar	1.31830
1.6075 811.05	Canadian Dollar	37.8893 36.8782 1.54597 1.54823 2.27143 2.27051
4.0635 1.7360 1.4140	French Franc	5,29957 5,30191 92,9072 92,8212 1060,24 1059,92
28,280 29,160 5,3857	Japanese Yen Dutch Guilder	316.128 315.704 2.50609 2.51233
5,1 1090 4,1907	Pound Sterling	6.56828 0.591166 0.592879 4.43608 4.43197
238,45 12,5325 0,8516	Spanish Peseta	87.2042 87.2 9 91 5.46633 5.48564
J,1951 66.475 J,7510	Eruadorean Sucre	7.04961 7.04309 32.9575 32.9276 824.267 823.504
	Kuwaki Dinar Malaysian Ringgit	UNAV UNAV UNAV 2.88230 2.84951 2.85609
London	South African Rand Swins Franc	1.08990 1.08895 2.10401 2.08955 4.98449 4.97988
		5.65880 5.65357
040 775 300	THE ECU	الإيكو
115 115	Exchange Rates	
100 35 15	Official Bruss	Sels Fixing December 21
100 2280 2950	FB/Lux Con Deutsche Mark	40_1436 2.48329
31,5 .95 .70	Dutch Guilder , Pound Sterling	2.73830 0.649157 7.67294
59 .50	French Franc ,	5.81532 1156.22 0.671784
770	US Dollar	1.42626 2.29190
المارك	Spanish Peseta Swedish Krona Norwegian Krone	94,7851 5,97291 7,13954
Dec. 21	Canadian Dollar Portuguese Escudo Austrian Schilling	1,6745 0 71,1245 17,8703
1,7402 3,8210 3,6920	Finnish Markka Japanese Yen	5.31900 340.861
1,4825 90,650 108,450	Greek Drachma	54.4979
6.154 42,750	GOLD	الذهب
71.600 71.741 3263	Closing Gol (in US Dollars pe	
2.148 13.887 2.621	London 4	ec. 21 Dec. 28 77.50 508.50
J.496 0.7J20 J6,64	Paris 4 Frankfurt 4	81.33 535.40 74.96 515.00
44,44		75.00 517.00 76.39 512.35
		64 4 '4
	علع والمعادن	اسبخار. اله
ity	COCOA	كاكاو
ige	Dec. Closi	ne Clades
	March 1519 1	
of Silver	May	412 J4IA)488
المنيوم	September 1534— December 1565— March 1570— Total volume: 696 lo	1549 1545—1535 1550 1565—1545 ts of ten tonnes.
Dec. 21	ROBUSTA COFFE	
L'iosing er io≶—xoo	January 1773-	£ per tonne - 1772 1791 1790 - 1653 1674 1672
145-846 1,900 took	March	-1653 1674—1672 -1637 1637—1636 -1628 1623—1622 -1617 1617—1613 -1599 1605—1595
تحاس	September 1620- November 1602- January 1615- Sales: 3,341 lugs	- 1599 1605 1593
	ICO COFFEE	CA S. ByILLEGS.
VI6-1017 11 J—1012	Other Mild Arabicas	. 192.67 193.83
5.000 tutts	Robustos Comp. Daily Prices (1976) 20 Day Moving Average	107.90 107.43
974-975	Other Mild Robustas i 1968: Colombians Unwashed Arabicas Comp. Daily Prices (1968)	. 203.00 203.00
-300 tons	Bremen-Hamburg Price	. 196.20 196.47 . 203.77 204.12
رمنامر	RUBBER	Pence per Kilo
kr		
535-517 \$18-519 (500 page	January 66.70- January March 69.90- April June 72-35- July September 74.60- Oct. December 77.08- January March 79.48- April June 81.80-	-7_30 69.45—69.50 -74.70 71.80—71.90
•	January-March 79.45— , April-June 81.80— July-September 84.06—	-77,20 74,05—74,10 -79,50 76,45—76,50 -01,90 78,80—78,90 -84,05 01,15—01,20
ic .	Market closed al	الاتان المارية وbout stead: سكر خلم
2011-2420 2011-2410 76 forts	RAW SUGAR Sugar Pref.	
	Comm. Conn. March	E per long ton 184.75 183.50-183.30 185.40 184.60-184.00
فضة	May	184.70 184.00-183.90 184.00 183.75-183.45 s of 50 tonnes each.
usiner 1534-1055 1844-1 0 65	WOOL WOOL	piet صوف
) жалталік	<u> </u>	Grease Woods
تتك	October (N December (N March (N	IJ INT) F) INTI FI INTI
*	May (N July (N October (N	Ti iNTi Li iNTi
750-7760 350-7369 500 tons	December IN March (N Due to inactive trading the	TI (NT)
(UD)	COTTON	عملن المعادة ا
550-7540 360-7580	Decembe	r 28
Nil tons	Liverpool sput cotton at 1.5. cents per pound (presi as supplied by a leading trad	ious irsels in brackets
رنك	Major shipping origins Fr 1.3. Memphiy (11/16 inch y	nday included: trict middling:-
	Nov-Dec 82.00 affered (81.5) .S. California (1% meh str Nov-Dec 84.50 offered (83.5)	01. iet middlings
14,444 56,355,5 200 tons -	Soviet (1 1/16 inch strict mid Nos-Dec 84.00 offered (83.0	klingi. Vi.
WID.	Giza on Fig. 134.15 offered) Sudan Baraket (1% Inch), Not Dec No. JB, 121.40 offe	
	Nos-Dec No. 5B, 114,90 offe Nos-Dec No. C6B, 101,90 of	rred (UNCII).
	Paraguay (1.932 inch).	

Prices CIF: (In US Nn. 2 Northern and/or Northern Durk Spring) Prices in USDollars ber 205.90 205.00 7 215.06 215.00 219.00 221.00 224.00 224.00 224.00 236.00

SOYMEAL U.S.

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HAGA

WIZARD

Roses Believe It or Not!































"IT SEEMS THE SUPPEME COURT JUSTICES ARE JUST AS HUMAN AS WE ARE...MAYBE EVEN MORE."

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword by THOMAS JOSEPH ACROSS 46 "-- come DOWN 1 Slanted 9 Chopper 16 Building 2 Carol wo 11 Sidestep 3 Like Radolph's 12 Designation 15 State: abbr. 26 Hankering a Yucatan 28 Lab 5 Oklahrma city • Carol words 29 Sign of 22 "Ink-a-Dink-14 Dutch 30 Gal for lan 16 Explosive 7 Run out on & Lease holder 9 Gourmet dish 24 Bullfight cry Ingredient 19 Poetic form with zing for Pedro 28 Carol word 21 Crag 22 Hungry and others 25 Famous 25 Barbado product 26 Type of lo 27 Altar in the sky 28 Library 31 Cupid or Rather 32 Cackoo 33 - et labor 34 Valuable ba 36 European 38 Worries

DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE - Here's how to work it: AXYDLBAAXE

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different. CRYPTOQUOTES

1P JPPR XPZAP, RMC1FMV GBZG XPZAP FJ GBP AEFHZGP CU UWPP-

YCB. — YIFVEG Y. PFJPMBC1PW Yesterday's Cryptoquote: IN LITERATURE, AS IN LOVE, WE ARE ASTONISHED AT THE CHOICE MADE BY OTHER PEOPLE.—ANDRE MAUROIS

BBC

DUNAGIN'S PEOPLE



IN THE 1890'S
BECAUSE MANY SWINDLERS WIFE
TANDE DEPOSITS ON NONECISTEN'T
CARS, STROVE TO CONVINE THE PUBLIC
THEY ACTUALLY HAD CARS TO SELL

AUTOMOBILE ADVERTISEMENTS

THE HAYNES-APPERSON CO.

CORPSE: 4 CM

COMPANIE A CHARGE MAN.

PROVINCE OF EASTERN 141.4 THAT ITS JOINTS COULD BE MOVED AND ITS SKIN AND HAIR WERE STILL IN

GOOD CONDITION

Contract : B. Jay Becker

NORTH 485 TJ8 086432

4AK98 EAST WEST **♦**K Q 9 ○ A ◆107432 097 **40** J 6 SOUTH **♠ A 10 4**

OKQJ105

Wesl Pass Pass Pass 3 🕈 60

Opening lead - king of From a pair championship

comes this deal where at most tables the contract was six dlamonds. Not all the declarers were successful, most of them going down one when they failed to play the hand correctly.

At those tables where the slam failed, the play followed a uniform pattern. West: led the king of spades, won by declarer with the ace. South could not afford to tackle trumps at once, since the

play a spade, so he led a heart to the jack and next cashed the A-K, discarding a spade from

Those declarers who made the slam took a more cautious approach to the play. They recognized the danger that a fourth round of hearts by either defender would put the slam in danger. So, to preclude that possibility, they cashed dummy's A-K of clubs (after taking three rounds of hearts) and discarded the queen of hearts. They now led

It is interesting to note that those declarers who failed in six diamonds would also have gone down if the East-West: hands had been reversed. In that case, assuming a spade lead followed by three rounds of hearts and the ten of diamonds, East would win

Arabs published daily from London and distributed worldwid

your nearest news stand daily.

ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

PRAYER TIMES

Thursday	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhahr	Assr	Maghreb	Isha
'. Mecca Medina Nejd	5:39 5:46 5:11	6:04 7:10 6:40	12:37 12:33 11:59	3:31 3:33 3:00	5:54 5:49 5:16	7:24 7:19 6:46

DHAHRAN TV

3:00 4:00	Children's Show Golf
6:30	Wonderland Cove
7:40	Department "S"
8:30	The Protectors
8:56	Onedin Line

9:46 Anthologies

Electric Company No. 461 The Masters Tournament Pilot-Sticking Together Ghost Of Mary Burnham Talk Down High Price Operation Shangri-La

PHARMACIES

(Open Thursday Night)

JEDDAH		Tel.
Khaled ibn Walid Pharmacy	Khaled ibn Walid Road	51480
Al-Nada Drug Store	Souk Al-Nada	26986
Al-Ahliya Pharmacy MECCA	King Abdul Aziz St.	22689
Bilal Drug Store	Mansour St.	32396
Abdullah Bawazir D.S.	Al-Me abdah	44216
Al-Nuzha Pharmacy	Al-Nuzha	
RIYADH	m 9 75 46	
Al-Marqab Drug Store	Tareq ibu Ziyad St.	
Sitteen Pharmacy	Sitten St.	
Al-Balsam Drug Store	Al-Khazzao St.	
TAIF	Behind King's Hospital	
Al-Nasr Drug Store		
Al-Massif Drug Store	Al-Subei Bldg.	
DAMMAM		21067
Central Pharmacy	Dammam/Al-Khobar Road	31967
AL-KHOBAR Al-Schha Pharmacy	Prince Bandar St.	45248

SAUDI RADIO

(English Service) On FW at 98 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band On SW at 11.855 Vhz in 25 meter band On VIW at 1485 Kilobertz in 202 meter hand THURSDAY

Afternoon Trans 1:00 Opening 1:01 Holy Quran 1:05 Gems of Guidance 1:10 This Week's Landmark

1:20 Top of the Pops 1:30: -1:50 Classicial Music 2:20 On Islam

2:30 Jazz Music 3:00 NEWS 3:10 Press Review

3:15 Music 3:20 Islam The Divine Truth 3:30 A Selection

3:50 Closedown

Evening Transmission 9:00 Opening 9:01 Holy Quran 9:05 Gems of Guidance

9:10 Light Music 9:15 Music Worldwide 9:45 Eve and Her World 10:00 Youth Welfare

10:10 Viusic 10:15 NEWS 10:25 S.A. - A Daily Chronicle 10:30 The Evening Show

11:45 A Rendezvous

12:00 Closedown

with Dreams

11:00 World Classics 11:10 -11:15 African Music of Music

VQA

P.M. 8:00 News Roundup Reports: Actualities: Opinion: Analyses 8:30 Dateline

News Summary 9:00 Special English: News: Feature. The Making of a Nation News Summary 9:30 Music USA:

(Standards) 10:00 News Roundur Reports: Actualties 10:05 Opening: Analyses

News Summary 10:30 VOC Magazine America: Letter Cultural ; Letter 11:00 Special English: News

VOA WORLD REPORT

11:30 Viusic U.S.: (Jazz)

Viidnight

12:00 News newsmakers' voices correspondents reports background features media comments news applyses.

8.00 World News 8.09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary

8.30 Sarah Ward 8.45 World Today 9.00 Newsdesk

9.30 Opera Star 10.00 World News 10.09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary

10.30 Sarah Ward 10.45 Something to Show You 11.00 World News 11.09 Reflestions

11.15 Piano Style 11.30 Brain of Britain 1978 12.00 World News 12,09 British Press Review 12.15 World Today

12.40 Look Ahead 12.45 The Tony Myan **Evening Transmission** 1.15 Ulster in Focus

12.30 Financial News

1.30 Discovery 2.00 World News 2.09 News about Britain

2.15 Alphabet of Viusical Curios 2.30 Sports International 2.40 Radio Newsreel

3.15 Promende Concert 3.45 Sports Round-up 4.00 World News

4.09 Twenty-Four Hours:

News Summary 4.30 The Pleasure's Yours 5.15 Report on Religion.

6.00 Radio Newsreel 6.15 Outlook 7.00 World News

7.09 Commentary 7.15 Sherlock Holmes 7.45 World Today

8.00 World News 8.09 Books and Writers

8.30 Take One 8.45 Sports Round-up 9.00 World News 9.09 News about Britain

10.43 Look Ahead

9.15 Radio Newsreel 9.30 Farming World 10.00 Outlook News Summary 10.39 Stock Market Report

10.45 Ulster in Focus 11.00 World News 11.09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 12.15 Talkabout

12.45 Nature Notebook 1.00 World News 1.09 .World Today

1.25 Financial News 1.35 Book Choice 1.40 Reflections

1.45 Sports Round-up

2.00 World News 2.09 Commentary 2.15 The Face of England

- Frances Drake = determines the results of social meeting. Be jurisd and refrain from making (als

TAURUS

(Apr. 20 to May 20)

Trying to force issues with a child or love interest won't work, but patience and understanding will! Be disciplined re creative orojects

agenda.

CANCER (June 21 to July 22) (S) Measure your words and they'll count. Avoid ill-

(July 23 to Aug. 22) it's not worth doing, unless you do it well. Avoid a haphazard performance. A communication problem with a child could arise.

(Aug. 23 to Sept. 22)

JIGSAW PUZZLE CONTAINED MOOD PIECES AND SOLD FOR \$1,500

A Delicate Precaution player with the ace would then

> Unfortunately, when declarer now led the ten of diamonds. West took the ace and returned a heart. Dummy ruffed, East overruffed, and that was the end of that. West's heart return was certainly not difficult, since declarer's early plays had marked him with the A-K-Q-x of hearts. West simply had to hope his partner could overruff duranty

> a trump to force out the ace and thus made the slam.

with the ace, return a heart for West to ruff, and so score the

Asharq Al-Awsat — the international newspaper of the

Available with your newsboy and at

Your Individual Horoscope



impressio LIBRA

FOR THURSDAY, JANUARY 3, 1988

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth

ARIES Mar. 21 to Apr. 191 A problem thought settled esurfaces, which means it's time to solve it once and for all. Be thorough re household repairs. TAURUS

projects. GEMINI

(May 2) to June 20)
Buy things of permanent value. Keep long-term financial objectives in mind. Resist impulse buying. A talk about sex may be on the

considered judgments or careless speech. Serious talks go well. Be sincere.

VIRGO

How you present yourself

in methods. SCORPIO 肌剂 Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) A friendship situation requires loyalty. Furthan thinking necessary re a carec-project. A change of plans re travel or education.

SAGITTARIUS

(Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)

A family member may buinderstand a friend, or vice

versa. Mixed progress on the career front. Be conservative

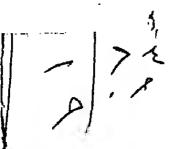
(Nov. 22 to Dec. 21)

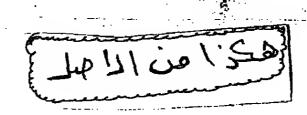
Between alternative mode of action, choose the con servative approach for caree. headway. Avoid disputes in the o.m. CAPRICORN Dec. 22 to Jan. 19, W Don't let someone's flippa

manner set you off course. By yourself in dealings with thos at a distance. Curb you (Jan. 20 to Feb. 18) **AQUARIUS** Avoid shortcuts, Hard work

brings results re job routine. I mate or close ally may not be ready to speak out about a (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20)

A relationship tries Jo patience, but patience i what's needed to avoid con flict. Have fun instead 6



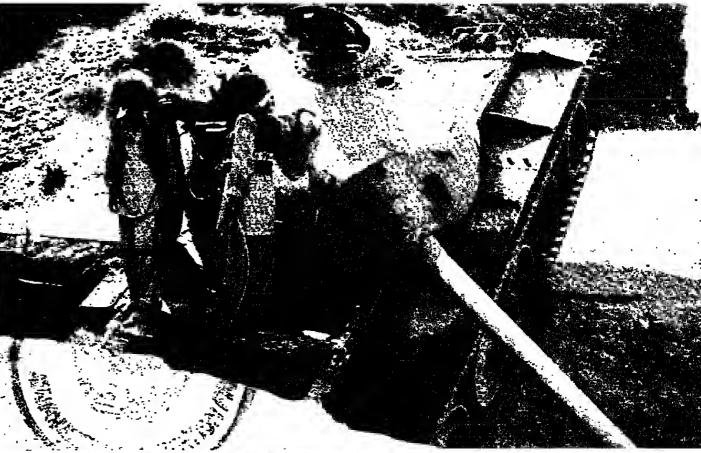




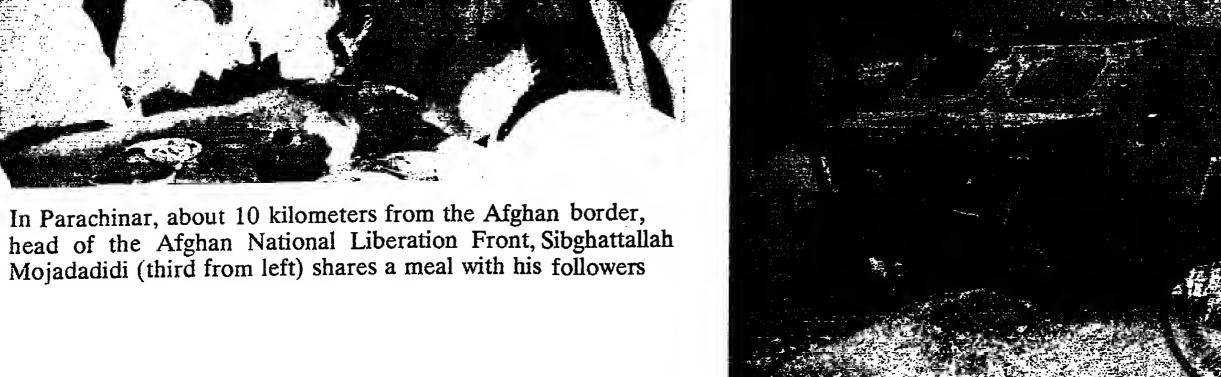
An estimated 35,000 Soviet troops are in Kabul and there are reports of serious battles in the city. President Amin and members of his family were killed. The United States is considering selling more arms to Pakistan and has denounced the Russian invasion.



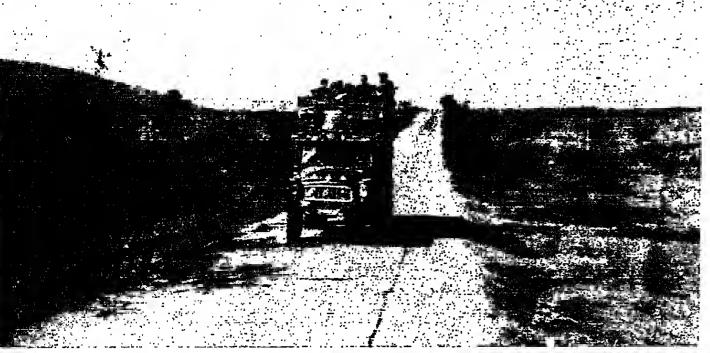


















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Future of alliance uncertain

Patriotic Front chiefs to return to Salisbury

LUSAKA, Jan. 2 (AP) — Patriotic Froot guerrilla co-leadet Joshua Nkomo confirmed Wednesday that he is flying to Rhodesia over the weekend to take part in new Britishsponsored elections there.

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Nkomo, leader of the Zimbahwe African People's Union, told a news conference at his Lusaka headquarters that he will fly to Salisbury on Sunday.

Patriotic Froot co-leader Rohert Mugabe whose Zimbabwe African Nacional Union is based in Mozambique, hasn't announced officially when he will return to Rhodesia. However, a spokesman for Mugabe, ZANU Treasurer Enos Nkala, told a news conference io Salishury later Wednesday that Mugabe will fly back to Rhodesia on Saturday, one day before Nkomo.

Both will be participating in the Fehruary elections organized by the British to finally

give independence to this war-weary country which has been involved in a seven-year-old guerrilla war in the Rhodesian countryside





CEASEFIRE: Guerrilla Lt. Col. Zik Hal listens to a New Zealand officer brief him positions at their rendezvous point.

Leading anti-Israel volunteers Troops halt Iranian's appearance

Syrian troops surrouoded a hotel here Wednesday and blocked a news conference by a young Iranian religious leader who hopes to send thousands of volunteers to fight Israel from southern Lehanon.

Volleys of machine gun fire panicked fashinnable Hamra Street in Beirut as Hojatuleslam Muhammad Montazari was whisked across the cordon to the Palestinian Sahra

He later told a hastily re-scheduled news conference at a Sahra Mosque that his volunteers would defy a ban clamped by the Lebaoese government against the entry of Iranian volunteers.

"Volunteers will be flocking hy thousands to Lehanon within the coming weeks," the bearded, hespectacled Mootazari told reporters." We have our own ways to get across the border into Lebanon."
Dozens of young men carrying arms stood guard around the Abdul Aziz Mosque as Montazari sat helow the preaching rostrum, flood-lit television spotlights.

Montazari said he and his followers did not recognize the wishes of the Lebanese gov-

"We do not abide by present-day international laws because they were all promulgated to serve colonial interests," Montazari said. "The Palestinian question is a pan-Islamic cause and it is our sacred duty to fight for Palestine's liheration."

The Lebanese government of President Elias Sarkis has vowed to prevent Mootazari's volunteers from entering southern

Beirut Airport and Lehanese border checkpoints were ordered to turn back all non-visaed Iranians when Montazari announced the formation of his voluoteer movement last month,

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International

that has cost 20,000 lives.

Nkomo appealed to his forces inside

Rhodesia to report immediately to the

reodezvous points set up by Commonwealth

troops under the colony's ceasefire arrange-

At the same time komo, called oo the British

authorities in Rhodesia to extend the seven-day period allowed for the guerrillas to come

in from the hush, saying the operation might take longer than two weeks.

Nkomo said his troops would fight the col-

ony's pre-independence elections next month under the Patriotic Front hanner despite the decision of his ally, Mugahe, to

campaign separately.

ZANU led by Mugabe has said it will cam-

paign on its own but has open the possibility

"We will fight the election as the Patriotic

Front," Nkomo said. If ZANU continued to

campaign on its own, the votes would be

counted separately, he added, "but ZANU have never said they want to break the

"Unity is essential, not just for the elec-tions but for stability after the elections," the

'Nokomo' also spoke ont against the use by the British governor, Lord Soames, of troops of the former Salisbury administratioo to deal

"The governor's action can prejudice the whole concept of a ceasefire," the burly

"We handed over our army to the gover-

nor," he said, "And the use of the Salisbury

forces against the Patriotic Front is a very

dangerous thing. It might destroy what we

He did not, however, admit that his guerril-

Speaking of the oeed for recoociliation

between the two sides in the seven-year war,

Nkomo said the British action underlined the

value of the Patriotic Front's proposal at the

Londoo peace conference that a ocutral

Commonwealth peacekeeping force he set

las had broken the ceasefire which came into

with breaches of the ceasefire.

ZAPU leader said.

ZAPU leader warned.

created so painstakingly."

effect last Saturday.

of a post-election alliance with ZAPU.



SALISBUBY: A black and a white girl, gravely fascinated by each other, touch hands to the

amusement of their parents. Pretoria as odd-man-out

Africans may be at peace in 1980

By William F. Nicholson

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 2 (AP) - A settlement in Rhodesia and a return to representative civilian government in other countries on the cootinent hold out hope for peace and development in Africa in 1980. At the end of a tumultuous ten years, Rhodesia edged warily into a cease-fire between local security forces and hlack guerril-

Fresh elections, under British supervision, were scheduled for February, and the rebel colony planned to become an internationally recognized repoblic after more than 14 years of rebellion against the Crown.

The Rhodesian conflict, which has cost 20,000 dead on both sides, spilled over into most of southern Africa in the 1970s. The prospect of peace would mean oormalization of relations between Rhodesia and other countries in the region, as well as a renewal of trade ties disrupted by war and transport

Still, the chances for a breakdown in the cease-fire and civil war between opposing black factions in Rhodesia, remained very

South Africa, despite announcements of an easing of apartheid was expected to remain the odd man out in 1980, as the only remaining white minority government in Africa.

While pleased at the prospects for peace on its oorthern horder with Rhodesia, South Africa's government seems nervous that the epicenter of hlack oationalism may now move to its country.

Elsewhere in Africa, Nigeria and Ghana

reparned to civilian government after rule by the generals and 1980 will he a test of democratic viability in both countries. Equatorial Guinea, the Central African

Empire and Uganda face political and economic development in 1980 after shedding themselves of dictators in 1979: Francisco Macias Nguema Giyogo, Jean Bokassa and Idi Amin, respectively.

Conotries in East Africa are expected to go their own ways. Ethiopia is likely to continue

pressing forward with its Marxist revolution while still trying to fight a bitter war against rebellions ethnic Somalis in the south and secessionist Eritreans in the north. Kenya, one of the few capitalist countries in Africa, made a peaceful transition after the

death of President Jomo Kenyatta and was expected to continue in its own direction in Tanzania's economy is expected to remain hard-pressed in 1980, because of the huge

bills from its invasioo of Uganda to overthrow Amin. Marxist countries, such as Angola and Mozambique, whose Soviet allies provide guns and ammunition hut little development

economies in 1980.

aid, were expected to cootinue to woo investors from the West to help their frail

This would enable the two sides' armed forces to he immohilized completely, he said, 'It is oot too late for the British to devise a system that may not bring prejudice to this peace effort that all of us oeed," he added.

Indira waits in the wings

A chaotic India goes to the polls Special to Arab News

By Magbool A. Siraj MADRAS, Jan. 2 - Indian polis may lead the country to nowhere. As the parliamentary elections of this massive democracy approach the public mood is one of disgust

and disillusionment at the unethical ways of the politicians. No political party expects a majority. Leaders have heeo switching allegiances and shifting loyalties taking full advantage of a fluid situation where no ideals or principles are worthy of respect. Opportunism has wrecked the politics.

The fate of over 4,500 candidates will he decided by 360 million voters Thursday and Sunday for 542 scats of the lower house. The number of candidates is the highest ever in Iodia's history. The previous peak being 2,784 in 1971.

Alliances have heeo forged io ao unscrupulous manner. Even sworn enemies are in each other's arms to share power. Parties are in disarray. The most frustrat-

ing aspect of the game is the internal disarray of the parties. No party has been spared defections, splits and feuds. People have lost count how many times opportunistic alliances have given way to disorder and chaos in the

Except for a brief spell of 30 months, the Congress ruled the country. This once mighty organization first split in 1969 oo purely ideological lines. Later Mrs. Indira Gandhi, who led it for another 10 years, broke it several times, sometimes for holding her banner of leadership aloft and sometimes on being challenged.

The party carries more weight this time, for it holds out the false hope of a stable govern-

The Janata Party, which has ruled for the last 25 months, was the outcome of a oegative vote. It swept to power before its formal hirth, chiefly cashing in on public anger over the Emergency of Mrs. Indira Gandhi and her group. A conglomerate of elements, from Hindu fanatics to moderate socialists and congressmen. The party dutifully restored democracy and civil liberties during its 25 month rule, but utterly failed to provide a cohesive, stable government. Besides being useless to the Muslims (80 million) annoying Christians (15 million) for introducing a bill against religious conversions, and disappointing Harijans (over 50 million) by failing to restrict atrocioes on them, its downfall came mainly from its own incoherence.

This party has a strong base in states like Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Himachal Pradesh etc. Bot its return to power is doubtful.

Yet another maio contender in the elections will be Lok Dal, the party of the caretaker Prime Minister. The group is a dis-

gruotled section of the Janata party which broke away from the main body on the eve of the last parliament session and woo after a tough struggle. It soon lost due to the withdrawal of support hy one important ally. A hundle of opportunists and power hungry politicians, has had a hard time taking root. On the peasant glamour of its architect, preseot prime minister Charan Singh, it pins its hopes. But the party has hardly any hold over the farmers beyond the boundaries of his home province of Uttar Pradesh and oeighhoring Haryana. It is sure to see its doom in forthcoming election.

An important ally of this Lok Dal is Congress, which is actually the same Congress which won the country its independence, but bereft of any glamour, program or personality. The failure of the Janata government came as a windfall and it came forward to share power with Lok Dal. The troubled marriage portends a showdown even before the caretaker ministry goes from office. So far four of its ministers have resigned, either to join Indira Gandhi's Coogress or Janata.

Then there is an impressive number of regional parties, a dangerous factor. In recent years it has assumed uglier proportions. The southernmost state of Tamil Nadu, the hanner holder of regionalism, hlazed the trail. India's racial, cultural, linguistic diversity and its divisions of state provide this monster with rich pasture. Tamil Nadu had DMK (Dravida Munnathda Kazhgam) which ruled the state for 10 years. It is controlled by its breakaway group AIADMK (All India Anna Dravida Mumathda Kazhgam). These parties grip the state. Then there are parties like the National Conference, ruling the sensitive state of Jammu and Kashmir, and the Akali Dal in Punjab ruling the Sikhs. The Communist party (Marxist) and the Communist party of Iodia have a national appeal hut so far, except West Bengal, they have been unable to form any government on their own. In Kerela they however hold the levers of power. Again Kerela has got Kerela Congress, APHLC in Assam, Manipur Congress in Manipur, MGP in Goa, and many regional groups have advanced their claims for regional control. The Most emharrassing aspect is that national parties enter into alliances with such groups with a view to sharing their spoils. Regional party participation in parliamentary elections has remained a destabilizing factor in national politics.

With an absence of clear cut issues, and a disgusted electorate unwilling to go to the polling booths. The prospect of a party goverument emerging on the national scene is woefully dim. In the event of a coalitioo government taking the reins of power in Delhi, India would retain democracy but a shaky government would be unable to deliver the goods to its 600 million people the majority of whom are a starving and homeless.

Good Morning

By Jihad Khazen

The gift giving season is here once more. We have, as always, only our best wishes to give you - our hopes for a happy and prosperous New Year for all. But in additioo, our custom has been to give more specific wish-gifts, to each and every Arab people and their countries. Last year, as I remember, a common thread ran through all the wishes - that of padence, of endurance, given the hardtimes almost everyone had in store.

As it happened, only this humble gift seemed to reach the people; all the others came to nothing: The poorer nations to whom we had wished wealth are still as poor, the richer ones to whom we wished wisdom in addition to their riches are soll as foolish. But everyone scems to endure patiently, their lot. Arab politics still go their merry way without anyone seeming to mind a great deal.

The theory of wishing is itself simple you simply wish for yourself and others what you think you and they lack, and would rather have. Here the philosopher Nietzsche comes to mind: a gentlemao frail in body and fine in feeling who dreamt up The Superman (no relation!), an image of supernatural physical and mental toughness. He, poor man, succumbed to his loog final hreakdown when he saw a horse being mercilessly whipped

But on to my wish for New Year - and this time it is not political hot concerned with personal wellbeing of individuals: May you have the fabled riches of Adnan Khashoggi, the looks of Robert Redford, the mind of Bertrand Russel, the agility of Muhammed Ali coupled with the lissomness of Rudolf Mureyev. May you also, so that all evil passes you hy, have a Swiss

But wishes, when made in this way, can go badly wrong. The instructions might prove too complicated for the International Wish Granting Agency. There is the story of Bernard Shaw who was approached by a beautiful actress with an offer of marriage, on grounds that the offspring will have his intellect and het looks, tefused because the reverse might happen. Here what might happen is that you end up with the figure of Adnan Khashoggi without his mooey, the intellect of Robert Redford and the looks of Bertrand Russel.

Translated from Asharq Al Awsat



